

GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure–GigaVUE V Series 2 Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite

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GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure– GigaVUE V Series 2

This guide describes how to install, configure and deploy the GigaVUE Cloud solution on the Microsoft® Azure cloud. Use this document for instructions on configuring the GigaVUE Cloud components and setting up the traffic monitoring sessions for the Azure Cloud.

Refer to the following sections for details:

- About GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure
- Get Started with GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure
- Deploy GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure
- Configure Monitoring Session
- Administer GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure
- GigaVUE-FM Version Compatibility Matrix

About GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure

GigaVUE® Fabric Manager (GigaVUE-FM) is a web-based fabric management interface that provides a single-pane-of-glass visibility and management of both the physical and virtual traffic. GigaVUE-FM is a key component of the GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure.

GigaVUE-FM integrates with the Azure APIs and deploys the components of the GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure in an Azure Virtual Network (VNet).

Refer to the following sections for details:

- Components of GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure
- Architecture of GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure

Components of GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure

The GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure consists of the following components:

Component	Description
GigaVUE® Fabric Manager (GigaVUE-FM)	A web-based fabric management interface that provides a single pane of glass visibility and management of both the physical and virtual traffic that forms the GigaVUE Cloud for Azure.
	GigaVUE-FM manages the configuration of the rest of the components in your cloud platform.
	 G-vTAP Controllers (only if you are using G-vTAP Agent as the traffic acquisition method)
	For V Series 2 Configuration
	GigaVUE® V Series Proxy
	GigaVUE® V Series 2 nodes
G-vTAP Agents	An agent that is installed in your virtual machines. This agent mirrors the selected traffic from the virtual machines to the GigaVUE V Series node.
G-vTAP Controllers	Manages multiple G-vTAP Agents and orchestrates the flow of mirrored traffic to GigaVUE V Series nodes. GigaVUE-FM uses one or more G-vTAP Controllers to communicate with the G-vTAP Agents.
GigaVUE V Series Proxy	Manages multiple GigaVUE V Series nodes and orchestrates the flow of traffic from GigaVUE V Series nodes to the monitoring tools. GigaVUE-FM uses one or more GigaVUE V Series Proxies to communicate with the GigaVUE V Series nodes.
GigaVUE V Series nodes	A visibility node that aggregates mirrored traffic. It applies filters, manipulates the packets using GigaSMART applications, and distributes the optimized traffic to cloud-based tools or backhaul to on premise device or tools. GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure uses the standard VXLAN tunnel to deliver traffic to tool endpoints.

This solution is launched by subscribing to the GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure in the Azure Marketplace. Once the GigaVUE-FM is launched in Azure, the rest of the solution components are launched from GigaVUE-FM.

For **V Series 2 configuration**, you can only configure the GigaVUE fabric components in a Centralized VNet only. In case of a shared VNet, you must select a VNet as your Centralized VNet for GigaVUE fabric configuration.

This guide provides instructions on launching GigaVUE-FM in Azure. For information about installing GigaVUE-FM in your enterprise data center, refer to the *GigaVUE-FM Installation and Upgrade Guide*.

Architecture of GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure

Hybrid Cloud

In the hybrid cloud deployment model, you can send the customized traffic to the tools in Azure as well as the tools in the enterprise data center.



Get Started with GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure

This chapter describes how to plan and start the GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure deployment on the Microsoft® Azure cloud.

Refer to the following sections for details:

- License Information
- Before You Begin
- Install and Upgrade GigaVUE-FM

License Information

The GigaVUE Cloud Suite Cloud suite is available in both the public Azure cloud and in Azure Government, and supports the Volume Based License (VBL) model that you can avail from the Azure Marketplace.

Refer to the following topics for detailed information:

- Volume Based License (VBL)
- Apply Licensing

Volume Based License (VBL)

Volume Based License (VBL)

All the V Series 2 nodes connected to GigaVUE-FM reports the stats. All licensed applications, when running on the node, generate usage statistics. In the Volume-Based Licensing scheme, a license entitles specific applications on your devices to use a specified amount of total data volume over the term of the license. The distribution of the license to individual nodes or devices becomes irrelevant for Gigamon's accounting purpose. GigaVUE-FM tracks the total amount of data processed by the various licensed applications and provides visibility into the actual amount of data, each licensed application is using on each node, and track the overuse if any. You will have grace period for each license that are conveyed in the license file.

For purchasing licenses with the VBL option, contact our Gigamon Sales. Refer to Contact Sales.

For details about:	Reference section	Guide
Volume-Based License Usage Details from GigaVUE-FM GUI	Volume Usage	GigaVUE Administration Guide
How to Generate Volume-Based License reports	Generate VBL Usage Reports	GigaVUE Administration Guide
Volume Based Licensed Report Details	Volume Based License Usage Report	GigaVUE Administration Guide
Fabric Health Analytics Dashboards for Volume Based Licenses Usage	Dashboards for Volume Based Licenses Usage	GigaVUE-FM User Guide

Default Trial Licenses

After you install GigaVUE-FM, a default free 1TB of CoreVUE trial volume-based license (VBL) is provided one-time for 30 days (from the date of installation).

•	Licenses FM/Cloud	Node Lio	enses 👻 Floating 💙 Volume Usage 🕇	 Expiry Settings 	5					۵	S ¢ @	
<u>laul</u>	Q Find			Sea	rch Q	Export •	Card RMA Renew	val Deactivate -		Replace Licer	Filter)
$\stackrel{A}{\Longrightarrow}$	Packet Errors and Port Discovery	10 f	floating licenses have expired are going to (expire soon. To continue	e using these product	s, <u>please renew your li</u> e	censes.					×
**	Node Details		SKU	Feature	Туре	Description	Start Date	End Date	Activation ID	Seats / Volume	Status	\oplus
	IP Resolver	0	VBL-1T-BN-CORE-TRIAL	erspan	Trial	1T-AdvancedTu	May 13, 2021	Jun 12, 2021	4e8cb5a4-7eb4	1024 GB daily	Expired	
	Backup/Restore	0	VBL-1T-BN-CORE-TRIAL	geneve,slicing,m	Trial	1T-BaseApps	May 13, 2021	Jun 12, 2021	4e8cb5a4-7eb4	1024 GB daily	Expired	
	Certificates	0	VBL-1T-BN-CORE-TRIAL	header-stripping	Trial	1T-HeaderStripp	May 13, 2021	Jun 12, 2021	4e8cb5a4-7eb4	1024 GB daily	Expired	
	Event Notifications		SMT-HC0-GEN1-DD1-SW-TM	dedup	Internal	HC2-GEN1-Ded	May 14, 2021	May 14, 2022	a5d70642-95eb	5 of 8 available	Grace Period	1
	Licenses		SMT-HC0-GEN1-APF-SW-TM	apf	Internal	HC2-GEN1-APF	May 21, 2021	Never	ce782018-1b0f	6 of 8 available	Active	
	Logs Storage Managem		SMT-HC0-GEN1-ASF-SW-TM	asf	Internal	HC2-GEN1-ASF	May 21, 2021	Never	24618ae4-ddb6	1 of 2 available	Active	
	> Tasks		SMT-HC0-GEN1-HS1-SW-TM	header-stripping	Internal	HC2-GEN1-HS1	May 21, 2021	Never	8d035388-013	7 of 8 available	Active	
	Reports		SMT-HC0-GEN1-NF1-SW-TM	netflow	Internal	HC2-GEN1-Net	May 21, 2021	Never	11d3f4dd-90c6	7 of 8 available	Active	
	> Authentication		SMT-HC0-GEN1-SSL-SW-TM	ssl-decrypt	Internal	HC2-GEN1-SSL	May 21, 2021	Never	30f7e2c0-aea5	0 of 3 available	Active	
	High Availability		SMT-HC3-GEN2-5GC-SW-TM	5G-Correlation n	Commercial	HC3-GEN2-5GC	Apr 22, 2021	Apr 22, 2022	760ceb6a-c919	1 of 4 available	Expired	
	Tags		SMT-HC3-GEN2-GTPMAX-SW-TM	apf flowrule-gtp	Internal	HC3-GEN2-GTP	Apr 22, 2021	Apr 22, 2022	7228d9a9-30ac	4 of 4 available	Expired	

This license includes the following applications:

- ERSPAN
- Geneve
- Slicing
- Masking
- Trailer
- Tunneling
- Load Balancing
- Enhanced Load Balancing
- Flowmap

- Header-stripping
- Add header

Note: There is no grace period for the trial licenses. If you do not have any other Volume-based licenses installed, then after 30 days, on expiry of the trial licenses, any deployed monitoring sessions will be undeployed from the existing V series 2.0 nodes.

To deactivate the trial VBL refer to Delete Default Trial Licensessection for details.

How GigaVUE-FM tracks Volume-based License Usage

GigaVUE-FM tracks the license usage for each V series node as follows:

- When you create and deploy a monitoring session, GigaVUE-FM allows you to use the only those applications that are licensed at that point.
- When a license goes into grace period, you will be notified, along with a list of monitoring sessions that would be affected in the near future.
- When a license expires (and has not been renewed yet), the monitoring sessions using the corresponding license will be undeployed, but not deleted from the database.
- When a license is later renewed or newly imported, the undeployed monitoring sessions will be redeployed.

Apply Licensing

For instructions on how to generate and apply license refer to the *GigaVUE Administration Guide*.

Before You Begin

You must create an account and configure a VNet as per your requirements. This section describes the requirements for launching the GigaVUE-FM VM.

- Prerequisites
- VPN Connectivity
- Obtain GigaVUE-FM Image

Prerequisites

To enable the flow of traffic between the components and the monitoring tools, your must create the following requirements:

- Resource Group
- Virtual Network

- Subnets for VNet
- Network Interfaces (NICs) for VMs
- Network Security Groups

Resource Group

The resource group is a container that holds all the resources for a solution.

To create a resource group in Azure, refer to Create a resource group topic in the Azure Documentation.

Virtual Network

Azure Virtual Network (VNet) is the fundamental building block for your private network in Azure. VNet enables many types of Azure resources, such as Azure Virtual Machines (VM), to securely communicate with each other, the internet, and on-premises networks.

To create a virtual network in Azure, refer to Create a virtual network topic in the Azure Documentation.

Subnets for VNet

The following table lists the two recommended subnets that your VNet must have to configure the GigaVUE Cloud Suite Cloud components in Azure.

You can add subnets when creating a VNet or add subnets on an existing VNet. Refer to Add a subnet topic in the Azure Documentation for detailed information.

Subnet	Description					
Management Subnet	Subnet that the GigaVUE-FM uses to communicate with the GigaVUE V Series nodes and controllers.					
Data Subnet	A data subnet can accept incoming mirrored traffic from agents to the GigaVUE V Series nodes or be used to egress traffic to a tool from the GigaVUE V Series nodes.					
	 Ingress is VXLAN from agents 					
	 Egress is either VXLAN tunnel to tools or to GigaVUE H Series tunnel port, or raw packets through a NAT when using NetFlow. 					
	Note: If you are using a single subnet, then the Management subnet will also be used as a Data Subnet.					

Network Interfaces (NICs) for VMs

For G-vTAP Agents to mirror the traffic from the VMs, you must configure one or more Network Interfaces (NICs) on the VMs.

- Single NIC—If there is only one interface configured on the VM with the G-vTAP Agent, the G-vTAP Agent sends the mirrored traffic out using the same interface.
- Multiple NICs—If there are two or more interfaces configured on the VM with the GvTAP Agent, the G-vTAP Agent monitors any number of interfaces but has an option to send the mirrored traffic out using any one of the interfaces or using a separate, nonmonitored interface.

Network Security Groups

A network security group defines the virtual firewall rules for your VM to control inbound and outbound traffic. When you launch GigaVUE-FM, GigaVUE V Series Controllers, GigaVUE V Series nodes, and G-vTAP Controllers in your VNet, you add rules that control the inbound traffic to VMs, and a separate set of rules that control the outbound traffic.

To create a network security group and add in Azure, refer to Create a network security group topic in the Azure Documentation.

It is recommended to create a separate security group for each component using the rules and port numbers.

In your Azure portal, select a network security group from the list. In the Settings section select the Inbound and Outbound security rules to the following rules.

Network Security Groups for V Series 2 Node

Direction	Туре	Protocol	Port	Source/Destination	Purpose
GigaVUE-FM					
Inbound	HTTPSSSH	ТСР	44322	Administrator Subnet	Management connection to GigaVUE-FM
Outbound	 Custom TCP Rule ICMP (optional) 	TCP(6)	9900	GigaVUE-FM IP	Allows G-vTAP Controller to communicate with GigaVUE-FM
Outbound (optional)	Custom TCP Rule	ТСР	8890	V Series Proxy IP	Allows GigaVUE-FM to communicate with V Series Proxy
Outbound	Custom TCP Rule	ТСР	8889	V Series 2 Node IP	Allows GigaVUE-FM

Following are the Network Firewall Requirements for V Series 2 configuration.

Direction	Туре	Protocol	Port	Source/Destination	Purpose
(configuration without V Series Proxy)					to communicate with V Series node
G-vTAP Control	ller	-			
Inbound	Custom TCP Rule	ТСР(6)	9900	GigaVUE-FM IP	Allows G-vTAP Controller to communicate with GigaVUE-FM
Outbound	Custom TCP Rule	TCP(6)	9901	G-vTAP Controller IP	Allows G-vTAP Controller to communicate with G-vTAP Agents
G-vTAP Agent				·	·
Inbound	Custom TCP Rule	ТСР(6)	9901	G-vTAP Controller IP	Allows G-vTAP Agents to communicate with G-vTAP Controller
Outbound	UDP	UDP (VXLAN)	VXLAN (default 4789)	G-vTAP Agent or Subnet IP	Allows G-vTAP Agents to VXLAN tunnel traffic to V Series nodes
V Series Proxy	(optional)			,	
Inbound	Custom TCP Rule	ТСР	8890	GigaVUE-FM IP	Allows GigaVUE-FM to communicate with V Series Proxy
Outbound	Custom TCP Rule	ТСР	8889	V Series 2 node IP	Allows V Series Proxy to communicate with V Series node
V Series 2 node	9				
Inbound	Custom TCP Rule	ТСР	8889	GigaVUE-FM IPV Series Proxy IP	Allows V Series Proxy or GigaVUE- FM to communicate with V Series node

Direction	Туре	Protocol	Port	Source/Destination	Purpose
Inbound	UDP	UDP (VXLAN)	VXLAN (default 4789)	G-vTAP Agent or Subnet IP	Allows G-vTAP Agents to (VXLAN) tunnel traffic to V Series nodes
Outbound	Custom UDP Rule	UDP (VXLAN)	VXLAN (default 4789)	Tool IP	Allows V Series node to communicate and tunnel traffic to the Tool
Outbound (optional)	ICMP	ICMP	 echo request echo reply 	Tool IP	Allows V Series node to health check tunnel destination traffic

Access control (IAM)

You must have full resource access to the control the GigaVUE Cloud Suite cloud components. Refer to Check access for a user topic in the Azure Documentation for more details.

To add a role assignment, refer to Steps to assign an Azure role.

VPN Connectivity

GigaVUE-FM requires Internet access to integrate with the public API endpoints to integrate with the GigaVUE Cloud Suite Cloud platform. If there is no Internet access, refer to Configure Proxy Server.

Obtain GigaVUE-FM Image

The image for the GigaVUE Cloud Suite Cloud is available in both the Azure Public Cloud and in the Azure Government portal.

GigaVUE Cloud Suite Cloud Suite in Azure Public Cloud

GigaVUE Cloud Suite Cloud is available in the Azure Marketplace for the Bring Your Own License (BYOL), and the Volume Based License options.

GigaVUE Cloud Suite Cloud Suite in Azure Government

Azure Government is an isolated Azure region that contains specific regulatory and compliance requirements of the US government agencies.

To monitor the VMs that contain all categories of Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) data and sensitive government data in the Azure Government (US) Region, the Azure Government solution provides the same robust features in Azure Government as in the Azure public cloud.

Install and Upgrade GigaVUE-FM

You can install and upgrade the GigaVUE Cloud Suite[®] Fabric Manager (GigaVUE-FM) on cloud or on-premises.

- Cloud—To install GigaVUE-FM inside your Azure environment, you can launch the GigaVUE-FM instance in your VNet. For installing the GigaVUE-FM instance, refer to GigaVUE-FM Installation and Upgrade Guide.
- On-premises—To install and upgrade GigaVUE-FM in your enterprise data center, refer to GigaVUE-FM Installation and Upgrade Guide available in the Gigamon Documentation Library.

Deploy GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure

The image for the GigaVUE Cloud is available in both the Azure Public Cloud and in the Azure Government portal.

- **GigaVUE Cloud in Azure Public Cloud:** GigaVUE Cloud is available in the Azure Marketplace for Bring Your Own License (BYOL), and the Volume Based License (VBL) options.
- **GigaVUE Cloud in Azure Government:** Azure Government is an isolated Azure region that contains specific regulatory and compliance requirements of the US government agencies.

To monitor the VMs that contain all categories of Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) data and sensitive government data in the Azure Government (US) Region, the Azure Government solution provides the same robust features in Azure Government as in the Azure public cloud.

Refer to the following topics for details:

- Establish Connection to Azure
- Install GigaVUE-FM VM on Azure
- Prepare G-vTAP Agent to Monitor Traffic
- Create Azure Credentials
- Create Monitoring Domain
- Configure GigaVUE Fabric Components in GigaVUE-FM
- Configure GigaVUE Fabric Components in Azure
- Upgrade GigaVUE Fabric Components in GigaVUE-FM

Refer Deploying GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure using V Series with Hybrid architecture for more detailed information.

Establish Connection to Azure

When you first connect GigaVUE-FM to Azure, you need the appropriate authentication for Azure to verify your identity and check if you have permission to access the resources that you are requesting. This is used for GigaVUE-FM to integrate with Azure APIs and to automate the fabric deployment and management. GigaVUE-FM supports two types of authentications with Azure.

Refer to the following topics.

- Managed Identity (recommended)
- Application ID with client secret

Managed Identity (recommended)

Managed Identity (MSI) is a feature of Azure Active Directory. When you enable MSI on an Azure service, Azure automatically creates an identity for the service VM in the Azure AD tenant used by your Azure subscription. Enable MSI for the GigaVUE-FM VM by using the Azure CLI command:

az vm assign-identity -g <Resource group where FM is deployed> -n <GigaVUE-FM name>

The above command enables MSI for the GigaVUE-FM for the entire subscription. If more restrictions are needed, use "-scope <resource group id>" as an extension to the command to restrict the MSI permissions for GigaVUE-FM to a resource group.

Note: It may take up to 10 minutes or more for Azure to propagate the permissions. GigaVUE-FM will fail during this time to connect to Azure.

Managed Identity (MSI) is only available for GigaVUE Cloud Suite-FM launched inside Azure. You can run these commands in the Azure Portal in an cloud shell (icon in upper right of portal as seen here):

There are 2 steps to have MSI work:

- 1. Enable MSI on the VM running in GigaVUE-FM.
- 2. Assign permissions to this VM on all the resources where you need GigaVUE-FM to manage.

Enable MSI on the VM running GigaVUE-FM

Note: If you are using an older CLI version, the command "az vm assign-identity" is replaced with the new command: "az vm identity assign"

- 1. Launch the GigaVUE-FM Virtual Machine in Azure.
- 2. Enable MSI and Assign roles to the VM. You can use the CLI or portal to enable MSI and assign roles to VMS.

Enable MSI using the CLI

1. Assign a custom role at resource group level where you will deploy the fabric:

```
az vm identity assign -g xxx-fm-feb15 -n xxx-fm-feb15 --role "FM Custom
Role RG Level" --scope /subscriptions/6447xxx11-1x11-111x-11xx-
11x11xx11111/resourceGroups/xxxz-rg
```

2. If you need the private images, then you have to assign permissions to the resource group of the fabrics. Therefore run this:

```
az vm identity assign -g xxx-fm-feb15 -n xxx-fm-feb15 --role "FM Custom
Role RG Level"--scope /subscriptions/6447xxx11-1x11-111x-11xx-
11x11xx11111/resourceGroups/vseries-rg
az vm identity assign -g xxx-fm-feb15 -n xxx-fm-feb15 --role "FM Custom
Role RG Level"--scope /subscriptions/6447xxx11-1x11-111x-11xx-
11x11xx11111/resourceGroups/gvtap-rg
```

3. Assign a custom role at the subscription level to view the complete account details:

```
az vm identity assign -g xxx-feb8-fm -n xxx-feb8-fm --role "FM Custom Role
Subscription Level" --scope /subscriptions/6447xxx11-1x11-111x-11xx-
11x11xx11111
```

For more information, refer to Configure managed identities for Azure resources using Azure CLI topic in the Azure Documentation.

Enable MSI Using the Portal

You can enable MSI at the time of launch or after the launch of GigaVUE-FM through the portal.

For more information, refer to the following topics in the Azure Documentation:

- Create, list, delete, or assign a role to a user-assigned managed identity
- Assign Azure roles

Application ID with client secret

GigaVUE-FM supports application id with client secret authentication. When using GigaVUE-FM to connect to Azure, it uses a service principal. A service principal is an account for a non-human such as an application to connect to Azure. The key fields required for GigaVUE-FM to connect to Azure are Subscription ID, Tenant ID, Application ID, and Application Secret.

- When creating the service principal using the Azure CLI, the output of that command will display the "appId" and "password" fields. These two are the Application ID and Application Secret fields that are required for GigaVUE-FM to connect to Azure. Copy them.
- Now, using the Azure CLI again, do an 'account show' command and copy the Subscription ID and the Tenant ID of your subscription.

The GigaVUE-FM to Azure connection supports application id with client secret authentication. When using GigaVUE-FM to connect to Azure, it uses a service principal. A service principal is an account for a non-human such as an application to connect to Azure.

GigaVUE-FM must be able to access the URLs listed in the Allow the Azure portal URLs on your firewall or proxy server in order to connect to Azure. Following are the required endpoints for Azure GovCloud:

- authentication_endpoint = https://login.microsoftonline.us/
- azure_endpoint = https://management.usgovcloudapi.net/

To create a service principal in Azure, refer to the following topics in the Azure Documentation:

- Create an Azure service principal with the Azure CLI
- Create an Azure service principal with Azure PowerShell
- Create an Azure service principal with Azure Portal

Custom Roles

The 'built-in' roles provided by Microsoft are open to all resources. You can create a custom role if required.

You can create a custom role in Azure as described in the following examples. The "assignableScopes" are the objects which this role is allowed to be assigned. In the example below, for the RG level role, you can assign permissions for GigaVUE-FM to access your resource group and also two other resource groups where the GigaVUE V series proxy/controller and G-vTAP controllers are placed. Without the GigaVUE V series proxy/controller and G-vTAP controllers you would only see images in the marketplace.

For more information, refer to Azure custom roles topic in the Azure Documentation.

Using CLI:

az role definition create --role-definition FM-custom-role-azure-RG-level.json

This section provides examples of the JSON file above.The assignable scopes can be at the Resource Group level, or at the entire Subscription level. This is defined in that JSON file.

Example: Custom Role at Resource Group Level

The following is an example of what you need at RG level:

```
{
"Name": "FM Custom Role RG Level",
"IsCustom": true,
```

```
"Description": "Minimum permissions for FM to operate",
"Actions": [
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/read",
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/write",
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/delete",
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/start/action",
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/powerOff/action",
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/restart/action",
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/instanceView/read",
"Microsoft.Compute/locations/vmSizes/read",
"Microsoft.Compute/images/read",
"Microsoft.Compute/disks/read",
"Microsoft.Compute/disks/write",
"Microsoft.Compute/disks/delete",
"Microsoft.Network/networkInterfaces/read",
"Microsoft.Network/networkInterfaces/write",
"Microsoft.Network/virtualNetworks/subnets/join/action",
"Microsoft.Network/virtualNetworks/subnets/read",
"Microsoft.Network/networkInterfaces/join/action",
"Microsoft.Network/networkInterfaces/delete",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/read",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/write",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/delete",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/join/action",
"Microsoft.Network/virtualNetworks/read",
"Microsoft.Network/virtualNetworks/virtualMachines/read",
"Microsoft.Network/networkSecurityGroups/read",
"Microsoft.Network/networkSecurityGroups/join/action",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/read ",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/write",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/delete",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/join/action",
"Microsoft.Resources/subscriptions/locations/read",
"Microsoft.Resources/subscriptions/resourceGroups/read",
"Microsoft.Resources/subscriptions/resourcegroups/resources/read"
],
"NotActions": [
],
```

```
"AssignableScopes": [
```

```
"/subscriptions/6447xxx11-1x11-111x-11xx-11x11xx1111/resourceGroups/xxxz-rg",
"/subscriptions/6447xxx11-1x11-111x-11xx-11x11x111/resourceGroups/vseries-
rg",
"/subscriptions/6447xxx11-1x11-111x-11xx-11x11x1111/resourceGroups/gvtap-rg"
]
}
```

Example: Custom Role for Subscription Level

The following is an example of what you need at the Subscription level:

```
"Name": "FM Custom Role Subscription Level",
"IsCustom": true,
"Description": "Minimum permissions for FM to operate at a subscription level",
"Actions": [
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/read",
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/write",
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/delete",
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/start/action",
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/powerOff/action",
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/restart/action",
"Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/instanceView/read",
"Microsoft.Compute/locations/vmSizes/read",
"Microsoft.Compute/images/read",
"Microsoft.Compute/disks/read",
"Microsoft.Compute/disks/write",
"Microsoft.Compute/disks/delete",
"Microsoft.Network/networkInterfaces/read",
"Microsoft.Network/networkInterfaces/write",
"Microsoft.Network/virtualNetworks/subnets/join/action",
"Microsoft.Network/virtualNetworks/subnets/read",
"Microsoft.Network/networkInterfaces/join/action",
"Microsoft.Network/networkInterfaces/delete",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/read",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/write",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/delete",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/join/action",
"Microsoft.Network/virtualNetworks/read",
"Microsoft.Network/virtualNetworks/virtualMachines/read",
"Microsoft.Network/networkSecurityGroups/read",
"Microsoft.Network/networkSecurityGroups/join/action",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/read ",
```

```
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/write",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/delete",
"Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/join/action",
"Microsoft.Resources/subscriptions/locations/read",
"Microsoft.Resources/subscriptions/resourceGroups/write",
"Microsoft.Resources/subscriptions/resourcegroups/resources/read"
],
"NotActions": [
],
"AssignableScopes": [
"/subscriptions/6447xxx11-1x11-111x-11xx-11x11xx11111"
]
}
```

Add Custom Role to Subscription or Resource Group

After creating the custom role, you can add the role to either the Resource Group, or at the Subscription level in the Azure console. In this example, the role is added to my Resource Group. As the GigaVUE-FM connection gets connected to the VNET in the resource Group "xxxz-rg", the following permissions/roles are added to the Resource Group. If you want to have GigaVUE-FM create a resource group to launch fabric into, you must add these permissions to the subscription level instead.

For more information, refer to Create or update Azure custom roles in the Azure Documentation.

Note: You are adding permissions for the GigaVUE-FM running in Azure (Virtual Machine).

In this example, GigaVUE-FM is running in another resource group "xxxz-fm-feb7". Select the VM and give the required permissions to access the other resource group "xxxz-rg":

Resource groups 🖌 🖈	× danz-rg - Access cor	ntrol (IAM)	Add permissions
Add 📑 Columns 🚥 N	pre Search (Ctrl+/)	🕂 Add 🟛 Remove 🗼 Roles 🕐 Refresh 📍 Help	Role
			FM Custom Role RG Level
dan	Overview	Name 🛛 Type 🔁	Assign access to
7 items		Search by name or email Virtual Machines	Virtual Machine
NAME 14	Activity log	Group by 🖲	Subscription 0
NAME	• • • • • • • • •	Role 🗸	GIMO Engineering Subscription
(*)	Access control (IAM)		Resource group 0
(*)	Iags	Showing a filtered set of results. Total number of role as	xxxz-fm-feb7
(*)			Select 🛛
	SETTINGS	2 items (2 Virtual Machines)	Search by name
😭 daga ka ka 🛛 🗤	 Quickstart 		
😭 xxxz-rg 🛛		NAME TYPE	FM-feb-7
-	Resource costs		FM-feb-7 /subscriptions/64
(*) data in data		CONTRIBUTOR	
😭 ann 13 Anni	Deployments		-
	Policies	oliver-fm-78546 Virtual Machine	
	Properties		
	Locks	FM CUSTOM ROLE RG LEVEL	Selected members:
	👱 Automation script	FM-feb-7 /subscriptions/644 Virtual Machine	FM-feb-7 /subscriptions/64

You can also use the CLI to perform the same process. This adds the GigaVUE-FM instance in RG "xxx-feb8-fm" to have access to another RG called "xxxz-rg":

CLI to add role to Resource Group

```
az vm assign-identity -g xxx-feb8-fm -n xxx-feb8-fm --role "FM Custom Role RG
Level" --scope /subscriptions/6447xxx11-1x11-111x-11xx-
11x11xx11111/resourceGroups/xxxz-rg
```

CLI for Subscription Level

```
az vm assign-identity -g xxx-feb8-fm -n xxx-feb8-fm --role "FM Custom Role
Subscriptions Level" --scope /subscriptions/6447xxx11-1x11-111x-11xx-
11x11xx11111
```

If you want to update the Role, you can edit the JSON file, and then update the Role in Azure using the following CLI command:

update role

```
az role definition update --role-definition FM-custom-role-azure-RG-level.json
```

Pre-defined Roles

Resource groups pre-created (which the GigaVUE-FM monitors):

- Assign Reader
- Virtual Machine Contributor
- Network Contributor
- Storage Account Contributor

Resource groups created by GigaVUE-FM: Contributor on subscription level

Accept EULA and Enable Programmatic Deployment in Azure

For GigaVUE-FM to be able to launch the fabric images, you must accept the terms of the end user license agreements (EULAs) and enable programmatic access. This can be done in the Azure portal or through PowerShell.

- 1. Accept the Gigamon EULAs for each SKU. These examples show accepting the EULAs from a PowerShell terminal in the Azure Portal:
 - a. HOURLY FM:

```
Azure:/

PS Azure:/> Get-AzMarketplaceTerms -Publisher "gigamon-inc" -Product

"gigamon-fm-56_XX_XX_hourly" -Name "GigaVUE Cloud Suite 56.XX.XX

Hourly (100 pack)" | Set-AzMarketplaceTerms -Accept
```

b. BYOL FM:

```
Azure:/
```

```
PS Azure:\> Get-AzMarketplaceTerms -Publisher "gigamon-inc" -Product
"gigamon-fm-56_XX_XX" -Name "GigaVUE Cloud Suite 56.XX.XX" | Set-
AzMarketplaceTerms -Accept
```

- c. Fabric Images (need to accept on all 3):
 - Azure:/

```
PS Azure:\> Get-AzMarketplaceTerms -Publisher "gigamon-inc" -Product
"gigamon-fm-56_XX_XX" -Name "gvtap-cntlr" | Set-AzMarketplaceTerms -
Accept
```

```
Azure:/
PS Azure:\> Get-AzMarketplaceTerms -Publisher "gigamon-inc" -Product
"gigamon-fm-56_XX_XX" -Name "vseries-cntlr" | Set-AzMarketplaceTerms -
Accept
```

```
Azure:/
```

```
PS Azure:\> Get-AzMarketplaceTerms -Publisher "gigamon-inc" -Product
"gigamon-fm-56_XX_XX" -Name "vseries-node" | Set-AzMarketplaceTerms -
Accept
```

- 2. Configure programmatic deployment through the Azure portal so that GigaVUE-FM can launch these images:
 - a. Find the images in the Azure Marketplace.
 - b. Click the "Want to deploy programmatically? Get started" link.
 - c. Review the terms of service and the subscription name and then click **Enable**.

DISCLAIMER: These are general guidelines for enabling a deployment in Azure. Since the Azure interface is subject to change and is outside Gigamon's purview, please see Azure documentation for instructions on using Azure.

Prepare G-vTAP Agent to Monitor Traffic

A G-vTAP Agent is the primary Gigamon monitoring module that is installed in your Virtual Machines (VMs). This agent mirrors the selected traffic from the VMs, encapsulates it using VXLAN tunneling, and forwards it to the GigaVUE Cloud Suite® V Series node.

NOTE: The G-vTAP Agent installation is applicable only when the G-vTAP is your traffic acquisition method.

A G-vTAP Agent consists of a source interface and a destination interface. The network packets collected from the source interface are sent to the destination interface. From the destination interface, the packets traverse through VXLAN tunnel interface to the GigaVUE Cloud Suite V Series node.

A source interface can be configured with one or more Network Interface Cards (NICs). While configuring a source interface, you can specify the direction of the traffic to be monitored in the VM. The direction of the traffic can be egress, ingress, or both.

Refer to the following sections for more information:

- Linux G-vTAP Agent Installation
- Windows Agent Installation
- Install IPSec on G-vTAP Agent
- Create Images with the Agent Installed

Linux G-vTAP Agent Installation

Refer to the following sections for the Linux agent installation:

- Single NIC Configuration
- Dual NIC Configuration
- Install G-vTAP Agents

Single NIC Configuration

A single NIC/vNIC acts both as the source and the destination interface. A G-vTAP Agent with a single NIC/vNIC configuration lets you monitor the ingress or egress traffic from the NIC/vNIC. The monitored traffic is sent out using the same NIC/vNIC.

For example, assume that there is only one interface eth0 in the monitoring VM. In the GvTAP configuration, you can configure eth0 as the source and the destination interface, and specify both egress and ingress traffic to be selected for monitoring purpose. The egress and ingress traffic from eth0 is mirrored and sent out using the same interface. **NOTE:** Using a single NIC/vNIC as the source and the destination interface may cause increased latency in sending the traffic out from the VM.

Example of the G-vTAP config file for a single NIC/vNIC configuration:

Grant permission to monitor ingress and egress traffic at iface

eth0 mirror-src-ingress mirror-src-egress mirror-dst

Dual NIC Configuration

A G-vTAP Agent lets you configure two NICs/vNICs. One NIC/vNIC can be configured as the source interface and another NIC/vNIC can be configured as the destination interface.

For example, assume that there is eth0 and eth1 in the monitoring VM. In the G-vTAP Agent configuration, eth0 can be configured as the source interface and egress traffic can be selected for monitoring purpose. The eth1 interface can be configured as the destination interface. So, the mirrored traffic from eth0 is sent to eth1. From eth1, the traffic is sent to the GigaVUE V Series node.

Example of the G-vTAP config file for a dual NIC/vNIC configuration:

Grant permission to monitor ingress and egress traffic at iface

- # 'eth0' to monitor and 'eth1' to transmit the mirrored packets.
- # eth0 mirror-src-ingress mirror-src-egress
- # eth1 mirror-dst

Windows G-vTAP Agent Installation

Windows G-vTAP Agent allows you to select the network interfaces by subnet/CIDR and modify the corresponding monitoring permissions in the configuration file. This gives you more granular control over what traffic is monitored and mirrored.

VXLAN is the only supported tunnel type for Windows G-vTAP Agent.

Windows G-vTAP Agent Installation Using MSI Package

To install the Windows G-vTAP Agent using the MSI file:

- 1. Download the Windows G-vTAP Agent **1.8-5** MSI package from the Gigamon Customer Portal. For assistance contact Contact Technical Support.
- 2. Install the downloaded MSI package as **Administrator**and the G-vTAP Agent service starts automatically.

3. Once the G-vTAP package is installed, modify the file C:\ProgramData\Gvtapagent\gvtap-agent.conf to configure and register the source and destination interfaces.

NOTE: Any changes to the GvTAP agent config file made after the initial setup require an agent restart and an inventory refresh or sync from GigaVUE-FM to pick up the new changes and re-initiate the traffic mirroring. When you have an active, successful monitoring session deployed, modifying the GvTAP config file results in traffic loss until GigaVUE-FM does a periodic sync on its own every 15 minutes.

Following are the rules to modify the G-vTAP configuration file:

- Interface is selected by matching its CIDR address with config entries.
- For the VMs with single interface (.conf file modification is optional):
 - if neither mirror-src permissions is granted to the interface, both mirrorsrc-ingress and mirror-src-egress are granted to it.
 - ° mirror-dst is always granted implicitly to the interface.
- For the VMs with multiple interfaces:
 - mirror-dst needs to be granted explicitly in the config file. Only the first matched interface is selected for mirror-dst, all other matched interfaces are ignored.
 - if none interfaces is granted any mirror-src permission, all interfaces will be granted mirror-src-ingress and mirror-src-egress.

Example 1—Configuration example to monitor ingress and egress traffic at interface 192.168.1.0/24 and use the same interface to send out the mirrored packets.

192.168.1.0/24 mirror-src-ingress mirror-src-egress mirror-dst

Example 2—Configuration example to monitor ingress and egress traffic at interface 192.168.1.0/24 and use the interface 192.168.2.0/24 to send out the mirrored packets.

192.168.1.0/24mirror-src-ingress mirror-src-egress192.168.2.0/24mirror-dst

- 4. Save the file.
- 5. To enable the third-party orchestration, a configuration file C:\ProgramData\Gvtapagent\gigamon-cloud.conf needs to be created with the following contents:

```
Registration:

groupName: <Monitoring Domain Name>

subGroupName: <Connection Name>

user: orchestration

password: orchestration123A!

remoteIP: <controller list IP addresses separated by comma>

remotePort: 8891
```

- 6. To restart the Windows G-vTAP Agent, perform one of the following actions:
 - Restart the VM.
 - Run 'sc stop gvtap' and 'sc start gvtap' from the command prompt.
 - Restart the G-vTAP Agent from the Windows Task Manager.

You can check the status of the G-vTAP Agent in the Service tab of the Windows Task Manager.

Windows G-vTAP Agent Installation Using ZIP Package

To install the Windows G-vTAP Agent using the ZIP package:

- 1. Download the Windows G-vTAP Agent **1.8-5** ZIP package from the Gigamon Customer Portal. For assistance contact Contact Technical Support.
- 2. Extract the contents of the .zip file into a convenient location.
- 3. Run 'install.bat' as an Administrator and the G-vTAP Agent service starts automatically.

4. Once the G-vTAP package is installed, modify the file C:\ProgramData\Gvtapagent\gvtap-agent.conf to configure and register the source and destination interfaces.

NOTE: Any changes to the GvTAP agent config file made after the initial setup require an agent restart and an inventory refresh or sync from GigaVUE-FM to pick up the new changes and re-initiate the traffic mirroring. When you have an active, successful monitoring session deployed, modifying the GvTAP config file results in traffic loss until GigaVUE-FM does a periodic sync on its own every 15 minutes.

Following are the rules to modify the G-vTAP configuration file:

- Interface is selected by matching its CIDR address with config entries.
- For the VMs with single interface (.conf file modification is optional):
 - if neither mirror-src permissions is granted to the interface, both mirrorsrc-ingress and mirror-src-egress are granted to it.
 - ° mirror-dst is always granted implicitly to the interface.
- For the VMs with multiple interfaces:
 - mirror-dst needs to be granted explicitly in the config file. Only the first matched interface is selected for mirror-dst, all other matched interfaces are ignored.
 - if none interfaces is granted any mirror-src permission, all interfaces will be granted mirror-src-ingress and mirror-src-egress.

Example 1—Configuration example to monitor ingress and egress traffic at interface 192.168.1.0/24 and use the same interface to send out the mirrored packets.

192.168.1.0/24 mirror-src-ingress mirror-src-egress mirror-dst

Example 2—Configuration example to monitor ingress and egress traffic at interface 192.168.1.0/24 and use the interface 192.168.2.0/24 to send out the mirrored packets.

192.168.1.0/24mirror-src-ingress mirror-src-egress192.168.2.0/24mirror-dst

5. Save the file.

6. To enable the third-party orchestration, a configuration file C:\ProgramData\Gvtapagent\gigamon-cloud.conf needs to be created with the following contents:

```
Registration:
groupName: <Monitoring Domain Name>
subGroupName: <Connection Name>
remoteIP: <controller list IP addresses separated by comma>
```

- 7. To restart the Windows G-vTAP Agent, perform one of the following actions:
 - Restart the VM.
 - Run 'sc stop gvtap' and 'sc start gvtap' from the command prompt.
 - Restart the G-vTAP Agent from the Windows Task Manager.

You can check the status of the G-vTAP Agent in the Service tab of the Windows Task Manager.

NOTE: You must edit the Windows Firewall settings to grant access to the gvtap process. To do this, access the Windows Firewall settings and find "gvtapd" in the list of apps and features. Select it to grant access. Be sure to select both Private and Public check boxes. If "gvtapd" does not appear in the list, click **Add another app...** Browse your program files for the gvtap-agent application (gvtapd.exe) and then click **Add.** (**Disclaimer:** These are general guidelines for changing Windows Firewall settings. See Microsoft Windows help for official instructions on Windows functionality.)

Install IPSec on G-vTAP Agent

If IPSec is used to establish secure connection between G-vTAP Agents and GigaVUE V Series nodes, then you must install IPSec on G-vTAP Agent instances. To install IPSec on G-vTAP Agent you need the following files:

- StrongSwan binary installer TAR file: The TAR file contains StrongSwan binary installer for different platforms. Each platform has its own TAR file. Refer to https://www.strongswan.org/ for more details.
- IPSec package file: The package file includes the following:
 - CA Certificate
 - Private Key and Certificate for G-vTAP Agent
 - IPSec configurations

Note: IPSec cannot be installed on G-vTAP Agents that are running on Windows OS. Therefore, if a monitoring session has targets with both Windows and Linux OS, only the linux agents will communicate over the secure connection. Windows agent will communicate only through the VXLAN Tunnel.

Refer to the following sections for installing IPSec on G-vTAP Agent:

- Install G-vTAP from Ubuntu/Debian Package
- Install G-vTAP from Red Hat Enterprise Linux and CentOS
- Install G-vTAP from Red Hat Enterprise Linux and CentOS with Selinux Enabled

Install G-vTAP from Ubuntu/Debian Package

- 1. Launch the Ubuntu/Debian image.
- 2. Download the following packages from the Gigamon Customer Portal. For assistance contact Contact Technical Support.
 - strongSwan TAR files
 - gvtap-agent_1.8-5_amd64.deb
 - gvtap-ipsec_1.8-5_amd64.deb
- 3. Copy the downloaded G-vTAP package files and strongSwan TAR file to the G-vTAP Agent.
- 4. Install the G-vTAP Agent package file:

```
sudo dpkg -i gvtap-agent_1.8-5_amd64.deb
```

5. Modify the file /etc/gvtap-agent/gvtap-agent.conf to configure and register the source and destination interfaces:

NOTE: Any changes to the GvTAP agent config file made after the initial setup require an agent restart and an inventory refresh or sync from GigaVUE-FM to pick up the new changes and re-initiate the traffic mirroring. When you have an active, successful monitoring session deployed, modifying the GvTAP config file results in traffic loss until GigaVUE-FM does a periodic sync on its own every 15 minutes.

```
eth0# mirror-src-ingress mirror-src-egress mirror-dst
sudo /etc/init.d/gvtap-agent restart
sudo /etc/init.d/gvtap-agent status
```

You can view the G-vTAP log using cat /var/log/gvtap-agent.log command.

6. Install strongSwan:

```
tar -xvf strongswan5.3.5-1ubuntu3.8_amd64-deb.tar.gz
cd strongswan-5.3.5-1ubuntu3.8_amd64/
sudo sh ./swan-install.sh
```

7. Install IPSec package:

```
sudo dpkg -i gvtap-ipsec_1.8-5_amd64.deb
```

Install G-vTAP from Red Hat Enterprise Linux and CentOS

- 1. Launch RHEL/CentOS agent image.
- 2. Download the following packages from the Gigamon Customer Portal. For assistance contact Contact Technical Support.
 - strongSwan TAR files
 - gvtap-agent_1.8-5_x86_64.rpm
 - gvtap-ipsec_1.8-5_x86_64.rpm
- 3. Copy the downloaded G-vTAP package files and strongSwan TAR file to the G-vTAP Agent.

- 5. Edit gvtap-agent.conf file to configure the required interface as source/destination for mirror:

NOTE: Any changes to the GvTAP agent config file made after the initial setup require an agent restart and an inventory refresh or sync from GigaVUE-FM to pick up the new changes and re-initiate the traffic mirroring. When you have an active, successful monitoring session deployed, modifying the GvTAP config file results in traffic loss until GigaVUE-FM does a periodic sync on its own every 15 minutes.

```
# eth0 mirror-src-ingress mirror-src-egress mirror-dst
# sudo /etc/init.d/gvtap-agent restart
```

6. Install strongSwan:

```
tar -xvf strongswan-5.7.1-1.el7.x86_64.tar.gz
cd strongswan-5.7.1-1.el7.x86_64
sudo sh ./swan-install.sh
```

7. Install IPSec package: sudo rpm -i gvtap-ipsec 1.8-5 x86 64.rpm

Note: You must install IPSec package after installing StrongSwan.

Install G-vTAP from Red Hat Enterprise Linux and CentOS with Selinux Enabled

- 1. Launch the RHEL/CentOS agent image.
- 2. Download the following packages from the Gigamon Customer Portal. For assistance contact Contact Technical Support.
 - strongSwan TAR files
 - gvtap-agent_1.8-5_x86_64.rpm
 - gvtap-ipsec_1.8-5_x86_64.rpm
 - gvtap.te and gvtap_ipsec.te files (type enforcement files)
- 3. Copy the downloaded G-vTAP package files and strongSwan TAR file to G-vTAP Agent.
- 4. Checkmodule -M -m -o gvtap.mod gvtap.te semodule_package -o gvtap.pp -m gvtap.mod sudo semodule -i gvtap.pp
- 5. Checkmodule -M -m -o gvtap_ipsec.mod gvtap_ipsec.te semodule_package -o gvtap_ipsec.pp -m gvtap_ipsec.mod sudo semodule -i gvtap_ipsec.pp
- 6. Install G-vTAP Agent package: sudo rpm -ivh gvtap-agent_1.8-5_x86_64.rpm
7. Edit gvtap-agent.conf file to configure the required interface as source/destination for mirror:

NOTE: Any changes to the GvTAP agent config file made after the initial setup require an agent restart and an inventory refresh or sync from GigaVUE-FM to pick up the new changes and re-initiate the traffic mirroring. When you have an active, successful monitoring session deployed, modifying the GvTAP config file results in traffic loss until GigaVUE-FM does a periodic sync on its own every 15 minutes.

```
# eth0 mirror-src-ingress mirror-src-egress mirror-dst
# sudo /etc/init.d/gvtap-agent restart
```

8. Install strongSwan:

```
tar -xvf strongswan-5.7.1-1.el7.x86_64.tar.gz
cd strongswan-5.7.1-1.el7.x86_64
sudo sh ./swan-install.sh
```

9. Install IPSec package: sudo rpm -i gvtap-ipsec 1.8-5 x86 64.rpm

10. Reboot the instance.

Create Images with the Agent Installed

If you want to avoid downloading and installing the G-vTAP Agents every time there is a new VM to be monitored, you can save the G-vTAP Agent running on a VM as a private image. When a new VM is launched that contains the G-vTAP Agent, GigaVUE-FM automatically detects the new VM and updates the number of monitoring VMs in the monitoring session.

To save the G-vTAP Agent as an image, refer to Capture VM to managed image topic in the Microsoft Azure Documentation.

Create Azure Credentials

You can monitor workloads across multiple Azure subscriptions within one monitoring domain. All the deployed GigaVUE fabric nodes are shared among many Azure subscriptions to reduce the cost since each Azure subscription used to have a set of GigaVUE fabric nodes.

- After launching GigaVUE-FM in Azure, the **Managed Identity** authentication credential is automatically added to the Azure Credential page as the default credential.
 - You can only add the **Application ID with Client Secret** authentication credentials to the Azure Credential page.

To create Azure credentials:

=

- 1. From the left navigation pane, select **Inventory > VIRTUAL > Azure > Credential**. The Azure Credential page appears.
- 2. In the Azure Credential page, click Add. The Configure Credential wizard appears.

	Azure > Credential		ର <i>ପ</i> ଦି ⁴ ®∙
<u></u>	Configure Credential		Save Cancel
$\stackrel{\mathfrak{s}}{\Longrightarrow}$	Name*	Credential Name	
	Authentication Type	Application ID with Client Secret	
	Tenant ID*	Tenant ID	
	Application ID*	Application ID	
	Application Secret*	Application Secret	
	Azure Environment	Azure Enviroment]
		Azure	
		AZURE_US_GOVERNMENT	

3. Enter or select the appropriate information for the Azure credential as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Name	An alias used to identify the Azure credential.
Authentication Type	Application ID with Client Secret: Connection with Azure with a service principal. Enter the values for the following fields.
	o Tenant ID —a unique identifier of the Azure Active Directory instance.
	o Application ID—a unique identifier of an application in Azure platform.
	o Application Secret—a password or key to request tokens.
	Refer to Application ID with client secret for detailed information.
Azure Environment	Select an Azure environment where your workloads are located. For example, Azure_US_Government.

4. Click Save. You can view the list of available credentials in the Azure Credential page.

Create Monitoring Domain

You must establish a connection between GigaVUE-FM and your Azure environment before you can perform the configuration steps. After a connection is established, you will be able to use GigaVUE-FM to specify a launch configuration for the G-vTAP Controllers, GigaVUE V Series Proxy, and GigaVUE V Series nodes in the specified VNet and Resource Groups. GigaVUE-FM connects to Azure using either an Application ID with the client secret or the MSI method of authentication. After the connection establishment, GigaVUE-FM launches the G-vTAP Controller, GigaVUE V Series Proxy, and GigaVUE V Series 2 node.

To create an Azure monitoring domain in GigaVUE-FM:

- 1. From the left navigation pane, select **Inventory > VIRTUAL > Azure > Monitoring Domain**. The **Monitoring Domain** page appears.
- 2. In the Monitoring Domain page, click New. The **Azure Monitoring Domain Configuration** wizard appears.

Azure Mor	itoring Domain Configuration				Save Cancel
	Monitoring Domain	MDAzure			
	Use V Series 2	Yes			
	Traffic Acquisition Method	G-vTAP		•	
	Traffic Acquisition Tunnel MTU	1450			
	Use FM to Launch Fabric	Yes			
	Connections				
	V			Θ	
	Name	Connection1			
	Credential	Credential2	•		
	Subscription ID	A TRACK STREET, AND A STREET, AND A STREET, AND A	•		
	Region	West US	•		
	Resource Groups	Z Discovered	🗹 Regex 🚯		
		•	demo*		

3. Enter or select the appropriate information for the monitoring domain as described in the following table.

Field	Description					
Monitoring Domain	An alias used to identify the monitoring domain.					
Use V Series 2	Select Yes for V Series 2 configuration.					
Traffic	Select a Tapping method. The available options are:					
Acquisition Method	 G-vTAP: If you select G-vTAP as the tapping method, you must configure the G-vTAP Controller to monitor the G-vTAP Agents. 					
	 Tunnel: If you use select Tunnel as the tapping method, you can select the tunnel as a source where the traffic is directly tunneled to V Series nodes without deploying G-vTAP Agents or G-vTAP controllers. 					
Traffic Acquisition	The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) is the maximum size of each packet that the tunnel endpoint can carry from the G-vTAP Agent to the GigaVUE V Series node.					
Tunnel MTU	For VXLAN, the default value is 1450. The G-vTAP Agent tunnel MTU should be 50 bytes less than the agent's destination interface MTU size.					
Use FM to Launch Fabric	Select Yes to Configure GigaVUE Fabric Components in GigaVUE-FM or select No to Configure GigaVUE Fabric Components in Azure.					
Connections						
	dd multiple connections in a monitoring domain. Refer to Create Azure Credentials ation on adding multiple Application ID with Client Secret authentication credentials.					
Name	An alias used to identify the connection.					
Credential Select an Azure credential. For detailed information, refer to Create Azure Credentials.						
Subscription ID	A unique alphanumeric string that identifies your Azure subscription.					
Region	Azure region for the monitoring domain. For example, West India.					
Resource Groups	Select the Resource Groups of the corresponding VMs to monitor.					

4. Click Save and the Azure Fabric Launch Configuration wizard appears.

Configure GigaVUE Fabric Components in GigaVUE-FM

After configuring the Monitoring Domain, you will be navigated to the Azure Fabric Launch Configuration page.

In the same **Azure Fabric Launch Configuration** page, you can configure all the GigaVUE fabric components.

Azure Fabric Launch Configuration		Save Cancel
Connections	[insuranting]	•
Centralized Virtual Network	TRUCTURE & RESIDENCE PROCESSING A PROPERTY AND	•
Authentication Type	sshPublicKey	•
SSH Public Key	Enter your SSH Public Key	
		le.
Resource Group	Select a resource group	•
Security Groups	Select management subnet security group	*
Configure a V Series Proxy	No	

Enter or select the required information as described in the following table.

Fields	Description			
Connections	A connection that you created in the monitoring domain page. Refer to Create Monitoring Domain for more information.			
Centralized Virtual Network	Alias of the centralized VNet in which the G-vTAP Controllers, V Series Proxies, and the GigaVUE V Series nodes are launched.			
Authentication Type	Select Password or SSH Public Key as the Authentication Type to connect with the Centralized VNet.			
	Note: SSH Public Key is the only supported authentication type for V Series 2 solution.			
SSH Public Key	The SSH public key for the GigaVUE fabric nodes.			
Resource Group	The Resource Groups created in Azure for communication between the controllers, nodes, and GigaVUE-FM.			
Security Groups	The security group created for the GigaVUE fabric nodes.			
Click Yes to configure V Series P	roxy for the monitoring domain. Refer to Configure GigaVUE V Series Proxy			

To deploy GigaVUE fabric images (V Series nodes, GvTAP Controllers, and V Series Proxies) in GigaVUE-FM, you must accept the terms of the GigaVUE fabric images from the Azure marketplace using the Azure CLI or PowerShell. Example: az vm image list --all --publisher gigamon-inc --offer gigamon-fm-<version> az vm image terms accept --urn gigamon-inc:gigamon-fm-<version>:vseriesnode:<version> az vm image terms accept --urn gigamon-inc:gigamon-fm-<version>:vseriesproxy:<version> az vm image terms accept --urn gigamon-inc:gigamon-fm-<version>:vseriesproxy:<version> az vm image terms accept --urn gigamon-inc:gigamon-fm-<version>:gvtapcntlr:<version>

Refer to the following topics for details:

- Configure G-vTAP Controllers
- Configure GigaVUE V Series Proxy
- Configure GigaVUE V Series Node

Configure G-vTAP Controller

A G-vTAP Controller manages multiple G-vTAP Agents and orchestrates the flow of mirrored traffic to GigaVUE V Series nodes.

Note: A single G-vTAP Controller can manage up to 1000 G-vTAP Agents. The recommended minimum instance type is Standard_B1s for G-vTAP Controller.

A G-vTAP Controller can only manage G-vTAP Agents that has the same version.

To configure the G-vTAP Controllers:

G-vTap Controller

NOTE:	You	cannot	t config	ure C	-vtap	Contr	oller	for ⁻	Tunnel	as t	the	traffic	acqu	uisitio	n
metho	od.														

In the **Azure Fabric Launch Configuration** page, Enter or select the appropriate values for the G-vTAP Controller as described in the following table.

Controller Version(s)	Add		
	Image	Select image	
	Size	Standard_B1s	
	Number of Instances	1	
Management Subnet	IP Address Type	Private Public	
	Subnet	Select management subnet	
Additional Subnets	Add Subnet		
Tags	Add		

Fields	Description					
Controller Version(s)	The G-vTAP Controller version you configure must always be the same as the G-vTAP Agents' version number deployed in the VM machines. If there are multiple versions of G-vTAP Agents deployed in the VM machines, then you must configure multiple versions of G-vTAP Controllers that matches the version numbers of the G-vTAP Agents.					
	Note: If there is a version mismatch between G-vTAP controllers and G-vTAP Agents, GigaVUE-FM cannot detect the agents in the instances.					
	To add G-vTAP Controllers:					
	a. Under Controller Versions, click Add.					
	b. From the Image drop-down list, select a G-vTAP Controller image that matches with the version number of G-vTAP Agents installed in the instances.					
	c. From the Size drop-down list, select a size for the G-vTAP Controller. The default size is Standard_B1s.					
	d. In Number of Instances, specify the number of G-vTAP Controllers to launch. The minimum number you can specify is 1.					
Management	IP Address Type: Select one of the following IP address types:					
Subnet	 Select Private if you want to assign an IP address that is not reachable over Internet. You can use private IP address for communication between the G-vTAP Controller instances and GigaVUE-FM instances in the same network. 					
	 Select Public if you want the IP address to be assigned from Azure's pool of public IP address. The public IP address gets changed every time the instance is stopped and restarted. On selecting Public IP address type, you must select all the required Public IPs. 					
	Subnet : Select a Subnet for G-vTAP Controller. The subnet that is used for communication between the G-vTAP Controllers and the G-vTAP Agents, as well as to communicate with GigaVUE-FM.					
	Every fabric node (both controllers and the nodes) need a way to talk to each other and GigaVUE-FM. So, they should share at least one management plane/subnet.					
	Note: Some instance types are supported in Azure platform. Refer to Microsoft Azure documentation to learn on supported instance types.					
Additional Subnet(s)	(Optional) If there are G-vTAP Agents on subnets that are not IP routable from the management subnet, additional subnets must be specified so that the G-vTAP Controller can communicate with all the G-vTAP Agents.					
	Click Add to specify additional data subnets, if needed. Also, make sure that you specify a list of security groups for each additional subnet.					
Tag(s)	(Optional) The key name and value that helps to identify the G-vTAP Controller instances in your Azure environment. For example, you might have G-vTAP Controllers deployed in many regions. To distinguish these G-vTAP Controllers based on the regions, you can provide a name that is easy to identify such as us-west-2-gvtap-controllers. To add a tag:					
	a. Click Add.					
	b. In the Key field, enter the key. For example, enter Name.					
	c. In the Value field, enter the key value. For example, us-west-2-gvtap-controllers.					

Configure GigaVUE V Series Proxy

GigaVUE V Series Proxy can manage multiple GigaVUE V Series nodes and orchestrates the flow of traffic from GigaVUE V Series nodes to the monitoring tools. GigaVUE-FM uses one or more GigaVUE V Series Proxies to communicate with the GigaVUE V Series nodes.

NOTE: A single GigaVUE V Series Proxy can manage up to 100 GigaVUE V Series nodes. The recommended minimum instance type is Standard_B1s for V Series Proxy.

To configure the GigaVUE V Series Proxy:

1. In the Azure Fabric Launch Configuration page, Select Yes to Configure a V Series Proxy and the V Series Proxy fields appears.

V Series Proxy	Image	Select image					
	Size	Standard_B1s -					
	Number of Instances	1					
	Management Subnet	IP Address Type Subnet	Private Public Select management network +				
	Additional Subnets	Add Subnet					
	Tags	Add					

2. Enter or select the appropriate values for the V Series Proxy. Refer to the G-vTAP Controller field descriptions for detailed information.

Configure GigaVUE V Series Node

GigaVUE V Series node is a visibility node that aggregates mirrored traffic from multiple GvTAP Agents. It applies filters, manipulates the packets using GigaSMART applications, and distributes the optimized traffic to cloud-based tools or backhaul to GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure using the standard VXLAN tunnels.

To launch a GigaVUE V Series node:

In the **Azure Fabric Launch Configuration** page, Enter or select the appropriate values for the V Series Node.



Fields	Description
Image	From the Image drop-down list, select a V Series node image.
Size	From the Size down-down list, select a size for the V Series node. The default size for V Series 2 configuration is Standard_D4s_v4 .
IP Address Type	 Select one of the following IP address types: Select Private if you want to assign an IP address that is not reachable over Internet. You can use private IP address for communication between the V Series node instances and GigaVUE-FM instances in the same network.

Fields	Description					
	 Select Public if you want the IP address to be assigned from Azure's pool of public IP address. On selecting Public IP address type, you must select the number of Public IPs defined in the Maximum Instance. 					
Management Subnet	Subnet: Select a management subnet for V Series node. The subnet that is used for communication between the G-vTAP Agents and the V Series nodes, as well as to communicate with GigaVUE-FM. Every fabric node (both controllers and the nodes) need a way to talk to each other and GigaVUE-FM. So, they should share at least one management plane/subnet.					
Data Subnet(s)	The subnet that receives the mirrored VXLAN tunnel traffic from the G-vTAP Agents. Select a Subnet and the respective Security Groups . Click Add to add additional data subnets.					
	Note: Using the Tool Subnet checkbox you can indicate the subnets to be used by the V Series node to egress the aggregated/manipulated traffic to the tools.					
Tag(s)	(Optional) The key name and value that helps to identify the V Series node instances in your Azure environment. For example, you might have V Series node deployed in many regions. To distinguish these V Series node based on the regions, you can provide a name that is easy to identify. To add a tag: a. Click Add .					
	b. In the Key field, enter the key. For example, enter Name.c. In the Value field, enter the key value.					
Min Instances	The minimum number of GigaVUE V Series nodes to be launched in the Azure connection. The minimum number of instances that can be entered is 1.					
	Note: Nodes will be launched when a monitoring session is deployed if GigaVUE-FM discovers some targets to monitor. The minimum amount will be launched at that time. The GigaVUE-FM will delete the nodes if they are idle for over 15 minutes.					
Max Instances	The maximum number of GigaVUE V Series nodes that can be launched in the Azure connection. When the number of instances per V Series node exceeds the max instances specified in this field, increase the number in the Max Instances to Launch. When additional V Series nodes are launched, GigaVUE-FM rebalances the instances assigned to the nodes. This can result in a brief interruption of traffic.					

Click **Save** to complete the Azure Fabric Launch Configuration.

A monitoring domain is created, and you can view the monitoring domain and fabric component details by clicking on a monitoring domain name in the**Monitoring Domain** page.

Configure GigaVUE Fabric Components in Azure

This section provides step-by-step information on how to register GigaVUE fabric components using Azure Portal or a configuration file.

Overview of Third-Party Orchestration

You can use your own Azure Orchestrator to deploy the GigaVUE fabric nodes instead of using GigaVUE-FM to deploy your fabric components.

The third-party orchestration feature allows you to deploy GigaVUE fabric components using your own Azure orchestration system. These fabric components register themselves with GigaVUE-FM using the information provided by the user. Once the nodes are registered with GigaVUE-FM, you can configure monitoring sessions and related services in GigaVUE-FM.

You can either manually deploy the fabric nodes using a configuration file or you can use the Azure portal to launch the instances and deploy the fabric nodes using Custom data. Using the Custom data provided by you, the fabric nodes register itself with the GigaVUE-FM. Based on the group name and the sub group name details provided in the Custom data, GigaVUE-FM groups these fabric nodes under their respective monitoring domain and connection name. Health status of the registered nodes is determined by the heartbeat messages sent from the respective nodes.

Getting Started

GigaVUE fabric components deployed through a third-party orchestrator, can be registered under GigaVUE-FM in two ways.

- Register under Azure Monitoring Domain
- Register under AnyCloud Monitoring Domain
 - Deployment of GigaVUE fabric components through a third-party orchestrator is supported on Linux and Windows platforms. Refer to Linux Agent Installation and Windows G-vTAP Agent Installation for detailed information.
 - You can use Azure Orchestrator for GigaVUE fabric node configuration only using V Series 2 nodes.

To register fabric nodes under Azure monitoring domain:

- 1. Create a monitoring domain in GigaVUE-FM. Refer to Create a Monitoring Domain for detailed instructions.
- 2. In the Monitoring Domain Configuration page, select No for the Use FM to Launch Fabric field as you are going to configure the fabric components in Azure Orchestrator.

	Monitoring Domain Configuration) (c
	Use V Series 2	Yes	
	Configure HTTP Proxy	No No	
	Monitoring Domain	Enter a monitoring domain name	
	Authentication Type	Managed Identities •	
	Region Name	Region Name 👻	
	Traffic Acquisition Method	G-vTAP *	
	Virtual Networks	Virtual Networks 👻	
	Resource Groups	Resource Groups	
	Traffic Acquisition Tunnel MTU	1450	
	Use FM to Launch Fabric	No No	
		● № ing G-vTAP Controller, select G-vTAP as the Traffic Acquis	sitic
	When configured Method.When you select		

3. After creating your monitoring domain, you can deploy your fabric components through Azure Portal.

To register fabric nodes under AnyCloud monitoring domain:

- 1. If you don't create a monitoring domain in GigaVUE-FM with the same monitoring domain name and connection name as given in your custom data, then GigaVUE-FM automatically creates a monitoring domain under AnyCloud and your fabric components get deployed under that monitoring domain.
 - In this case, the Traffic Acquisition Tunnel MTU is set to the default value of 1500. To edit the Traffic Acquisition Tunnel MTU, select the monitoring domain and click on the Edit Monitoring Domain option. Enter the Traffic Acquisition Tunnel MTU value and click Save.
 - Before deploying the monitoring session make sure the appropriate Traffic Acquisition Tunnel MTU value is set. Otherwise, the monitoring session must be un-deployed and deployed again.

In your Azure Portal, you can configure the following GigaVUE fabric components:

- Configure G-vTAP Controller in Azure
- Configure G-vTAP Agent in Azure
- Configure V Series Nodes and V Series Proxy in Azure

Configure G-vTAP Controller in Azure

You can configure more than one G-vTAP Controller in a monitoring domain.

To register G-vTAP Controller in Azure Portal, use any one of the following methods.

- Register G-vTAP Controller during Virtual Machine Launch
- Register G-vTAP Controller after Virtual Machine Launch

Register G-vTAP Controller during Virtual Machine Launch

In your Azure portal, to launch the G-vTAP Controller init virtual machine and register GvTAP Controller using custom data, follow the steps given below:

1. In the Virtual machines page of the Azure Portal, select **Create** then **Virtual machine**. Then **Create a Virtual Machine** Page appears. For detailed information, refer to **Create** virtual machine topic in Azure Documentation. 2. On the **Advanced** tab, enter the Custom Data as text in the following format and deploy the virtual machine. The G-vTAP Controller uses this custom data to generate config file (/etc/gigamon-cloud.conf) used to register with GigaVUE-FM.

```
#cloud-config
write_files:
  - path: /etc/gigamon-cloud.conf
  owner: root:root
  permissions: '0644'
  content:
     Registration:
        groupName: <Monitoring Domain Name>
        subGroupName: <Connection Name>
        user: orchestration
        password: orchestration123A!
        remoteIP: <IP address of the GigaVUE-FM>
        remotePort: 443
```



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Add additional configuration, agents, scripts or applications via virtual machine extensions or cloud-init.

Extensions

Extensions provide post-deployment configuration and automation.

Extensions (i)

Select an extension to install

VM applications (preview)

VM applications contain application files that are securely and reliably downloaded on your VM after deployment. In addition to the application files, an install and uninstall script are included in the application. You can easily add or remove applications on your VM after create. Learn more additional script are included in the application.

Select a VM application to install

Custom data

Pass a script, configuration file, or other data into the virtual machine **while it is being provisioned**. The data will be saved on the VM in a known location. Learn more about custom data for VMs

Custom data

#cloud-config	
write_files:	
 path: /etc/gigamon-cloud.conf 	
owner: root:root	
permissions: '0644'	
content:	
Registration:	

Your image must have a code to support consumption of custom data. If your image supports cloud-init, custom-data will be processed by cloud-init. Learn more about custom data for VMs C

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The G-vTAP Controller deployed in your Azure portal appears on the Monitoring Domain page of GigaVUE-FM.

Monitoring Domain	Connection	Fabric	Management IP	Fabric Version	Status
MD1					
	pulitinaji-vpc				⊘ Connected
		G-vTapController	34,219,250,141	1.7-304	⊘ Ok
		Gigamon-VSeriesProxy-1	34.211.211.49	2.1.0	⊘ Ok
		Gigamon-VSeriesNode-1	172.06.24.188	2.2.0	⊘ Ok

Register G-vTAP Controller after Virtual Machine Launch

To register G-vTAP Controller after launching a Virtual Machine using a configuration file, follow the steps given below:

- 1. Log in to the G-vTAP Controller.
- 2. Create a local configuration file (/etc/gigamon-cloud.conf) and enter the following custom data.

```
Registration:
```

```
groupName: <Monitoring Domain Name>
subGroupName: <Connection Name>
user: orchestration
password: orchestration123A!
remoteIP: <IP address of the GigaVUE-FM>
remotePort: 443
```

Restart the G-vTAP Controller service.
 \$ sudo service gvtap-cntlr restart

The deployed G-vTAP Controller registers with the GigaVUE-FM. After successful registration, the G-vTAP Controller sends heartbeat messages to GigaVUE-FM every 30 seconds. If one heartbeat is missing, the fabric node status appears as 'Unhealthy'. If more than five heartbeats fail to reach GigaVUE-FM, GigaVUE-FM tries to reach the G-vTAP Controller and if that fails as well then GigaVUE-FM unregisters the G-vTAP Controller and it will be removed from GigaVUE-FM.

Configure G-vTAP Agent in Azure

G-vTAP Agent should be registered via the registered G-vTAP Controller and communicates through PORT 8891.

NOTE: Deployment of G-vTAP Agents through third-party orchestrator is supported on both Linux and Windows platforms. Refer to Linux Agent Installation and Windows Agent Installation for detailed information.

To register G-vTAP Agent in Azure Portal, use any one of the following methods.

- Register G-vTAP Agent during Virtual Machine Launch
- Register G-vTAP Agent after Virtual Machine Launch

Register G-vTAP Agent during Virtual Machine Launch

NOTE: Registering G-vTAP Agent during Virtual Machine Launch is not applicable for Windows Agents. You can register your Windows Agents after launching the Virtual machine, using a configuration file.

In your Azure portal, to launch the G-vTAP Agent init virtual machine and register the GvTAP Agent using custom data, follow the steps given below:

1. In the Virtual machines page of the Azure Portal, select **Create** then **Virtual machine**. Then **Create a Virtual Machine** Page appears. For detailed information, refer to **Create** virtual machine topic in Azure Documentation. 2. On the **Advanced** tab, enter the Custom Data as text in the following format and deploy the virtual machine. The G-vTAP Agent uses this custom data to generate config file (/etc/gigamon-cloud.conf) used to register with GigaVUE-FM.



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Register G-vTAP Agent after Virtual Machine Launch

To register G-vTAP Agent after launching a Virtual Machine using a configuration file, follow the steps given below:

- 1. Install the G-vTAP Agent in the Linux or Windows platform. For detailed instructions, refer to Linux G-vTAP Agent Installation and Windows G-vTAP Agent Installation.
- 2. Log in to the G-vTAP Agent.
- 3. Edit the local configuration file and enter the following custom data.
 - /etc/gigamon-cloud.conf is the local configuration file in Linux platform.
 - C:\ProgramData\gvtap-agent\gigamon-cloud.conf is the local configuration file in Windows platform.

```
Registration:
groupName: <Monitoring Domain Name>
```

- 4. Restart the G-vTAP Agent service.
 - Linux platform:
 \$ sudo service gvtap-agent restart
 - Windows platform: Restart from the Task Manager.

NOTE: You can configure more than one G-vTAP Controller for a G-vTAP Agent, so that if one G-vTAP Controller goes down, the G-vTAP Agent registration will happen through another Controller that is active.

The deployed G-vTAP Agent registers with the GigaVUE-FM through the G-vTAP Controller. After successful registration, the G-vTAP Agent sends heartbeat messages to GigaVUE-FM every 30 seconds. If one heartbeat is missing, G-vTAP Agent status appears as 'Unhealthy'. If more than five heartbeats fail to reach GigaVUE-FM, GigaVUE-FM tries to reach the G-vTAP Agent and if that fails as well then GigaVUE-FM unregisters the G-vTAP Agent and it will be removed from GigaVUE-FM.

Configure V Series Nodes and V Series Proxy in Azure

NOTE: It is not mandatory to register V Series Nodes via V Series proxy however, if there is a large number of nodes connected to GigaVUE-FM or if the user does not wish to reveal the IP addresses of the nodes, then you can register your nodes using V Series Proxy. In this case, GigaVUE-FM communicates with V Series Proxy to manage the V Series Nodes.

To register V Series nodes and proxy in Azure Portal, use any one of the following methods.

- Register V Series Node or Proxy during Virtual Machine Launch
- Register V Series Node or Proxy after Virtual Machine Launch

Register V Series Node or Proxy during Virtual Machine Launch

To register V Series nodes or proxy using the custom data in Azure Portal, follow the steps given below:

1. In the Virtual machines page of the Azure Portal, select **Create** then **Virtual machine**. Then **Create a Virtual Machine** Page appears. For detailed information, refer to **Create** virtual machine topic in Azure Documentation. 2. On the **Advanced** tab, enter the Custom Data as text in the following format and deploy the virtual machine. The V Series nodes or V Series proxy uses this custom data to generate config file (/etc/gigamon-cloud.conf) used to register with GigaVUE-FM.

- You can register your V Series node directly with GigaVUE-FM or you can use V Series proxy to register your V Series node with GigaVUE-FM. If you wish to register V Series node directly, enter the remotePort value as 443 and the remoteIP as <IP address of the GigaVUE-FM> or if you wish to deploy V Series node using V Series proxy then, enter the remotePort value as 8891 and remoteIP as <IP address of the Proxy>.
 - Use only the default user and password details given in the custom data.



Register V Series Node or Proxy after Virtual Machine Launch

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processed by cloud-init. Learn more about custom data for VMs Z

To register V Series Node or Proxy after launching the virtual machine using a configuration file, follow the steps given below:

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- 1. Log in to the V Series Node or Proxy.
- 2. Create a local configuration file (/etc/gigamon-cloud.conf) and enter the following custom data.

```
Registration:
```

- You can register your V Series node directly with GigaVUE-FM or you can use V Series proxy to register your V Series node with GigaVUE-FM. If you wish to register V Series node directly, enter the remotePort value as 443 and the remoteIP as <IP address of the GigaVUE-FM> or if you wish to deploy V Series node using V Series proxy then, enter the remotePort value as 8891 and remoteIP as <IP address of the Proxy>.
 - Use only the default user and password details given in the custom data.
- 3. Restart the V Series node or proxy service.
 - V Series node:
 - \$ sudo service vseries-node restart
 - V Series proxy:
 \$ sudo service vps stop

The deployed V Series node or V Series proxy registers with the GigaVUE-FM. After successful registration, the V Series node or proxy sends heartbeat messages to GigaVUE-FM every 30 seconds. If one heartbeat is missing, the fabric node status appears as 'Unhealthy'. If more than five heartbeats fail to reach GigaVUE-FM, GigaVUE-FM tries to reach the V Series node or proxy and if that fails as well then GigaVUE-FM unregisters the V Series node or proxy and it will be removed from GigaVUE-FM.

Refer Deploying GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure using Customer Orchestration for more detailed information.

Upgrade GigaVUE Fabric Components in GigaVUE-FM

This chapter describes how to upgrade GigaVUE V Series Proxy and GigaVUE V Series Node. For more detailed information about G-vTAP Controller, GigaVUE V Series Proxy and Node Version refer GigaVUE-FM Version Compatibility Matrix.

Refer to the following topic for more information:

- Prerequisite
- Upgrade G-vTAP Controller
- Upgrade GigaVUE V Series Node and GigaVUE V Series Proxy

Prerequisite

Before you upgrade the GigaVUE V Series Proxy and GigaVUE V Series Node, you must upgrade GigaVUE-FM to software version 5.13.01 or above.

Upgrade G-vTAP Controller

NOTE: G-vTAP Controllers cannot be upgraded. Only a new version that is compatible with the G-vTAP Agent's version can be added or removed in the **Azure Fabric Launch Configuration** page.

To change the G-vTAP Controller version follow the steps given below:

To change G-vTAP Controller version between different major versions

Note: You can only add G-vTAP Controllers which has different major versions. For example, you can only add G-vTAP Controller version 1.8-x if your existing version is 1.7-x.

- a. Under Controller Versions, click Add.
- b. From the Image drop-down list, select a G-vTAP Controller image that matches with the version number of G-vTAP Agents installed in the instances.
- c. From the **Size** drop-down list, select a size for the G-vTAP Controller. The default size is Standard_B1s.
- d. In **Number of Instances**, specify the number of G-vTAP Controllers to launch. The minimum number you can specify is 1.

Controller Version(s)	Add		
			×
	Image	Select image	
	Size	Standard_B1s -	
	Number of Instances	1	
			×
	Image	gigamon-inc-gutap-cntlr-1.8-2	
	Size	Standard_B1s -	
	Number of Instances	1	
Management Subnet	IP Address Type	Private Public	
	Subnet	mgmt	
Additional Subnets			
	Subnet 1	traffic1 -	
	Security Groups	[offs NSI Island Manual 21301]	
Tags			

You cannot change the IP Address Type and the Additional Subnets details, provided at the time of G-vTAP Controller configuration.

After installing the new version of G-vTAP Controller, follow the steps given below:

- 1. Install G-vTAP Agent with the version same as the G-vTAP Controller.
- 2. Delete the G-vTAP Controller with older version.

To change G-vTAP Controller version with in the same major version:

NOTE: This is only applicable, if you wish to change your G-vTAP Controller version from one minor version to another with in the same major version. For example, from 1.8-2 to 1.8-3.

- a. From the **Image** drop-down list, select a G-vTAP Controller image with in the same major version.
- b. Specify the Number of Instances. The minimum number you can specify is 1.
- c. Select the **Subnet** from the drop-down.
 - You cannot modify the rest of the fields.
 - After installing the new version of G-vTAP Controller, install the G-vTAP Agent with the same version.

Upgrade GigaVUE V Series Node and GigaVUE V Series Proxy

GigaVUE-FM lets you upgrade GigaVUE V Series Proxy and GigaVUE V Series Node at a time.

There are multiple ways to upgrade the GigaVUE V Series Proxy and Node. You can:

• Launch and replace the complete set of nodes and proxys at a time.

For example, if you have 1 GigaVUE V Series Proxy and 10 GigaVUE V Series Nodes in your VNet, you can upgrade all of them at once. First, the new version of GigaVUE V Series controller is launched. Next, the new version of GigaVUE V Series nodes are launched. Then, the old version of V Series controller and nodes are deleted from the VNet.

NOTES:

- When the new version of node and proxy is launched, the old version still exists in the VNet until they are deleted. Make sure the instance type determined during the configuration can accommodate the total number of new and old instances present in the VNet. If the instance type cannot support so many instances, you can choose to upgrade in multiple batches.
- If there is an error while upgrading the complete set of proxys and nodes present in the VNet, the new version of the fabric is immediately deleted and the old version of the fabric is retained as before.

- If you have deployed your nodes using Public IP address while creating the monitoring domain, then select the same number of Public IP addressess defined in your Max Instances when upgrading your nodes. Refer to Create Monitoring Domain for more detailed information.
- Launch and replace the nodes and proxy in multiple batches.

For example, if there are 18 GigaVUE V Series Nodes to be upgraded, you can specify how many you want to upgrade per batch.

To upgrade the GigaVUE V Series Proxy and GigaVUE V Series Node:

- 1. From the left navigation pane, select **Inventory > VIRTUAL > Azure > Monitoring Domain**. The Monitoring Domain page appears.
- 2. On the Monitoring Domain page, select the connection name check box and click **Actions**

۲	Azur	re > M	onitoring Domain						Q <i>C</i> Å ®∙
<u>.111</u>								New	Actions Refresh Inventory
Ş	~		Monitoring Domain	Connection	Name	Management IP	Туре	Version	Edit Monitoring Domain
4	~		md						Edit Fabric
	~			Auto_Vnet_Edhaya_Manua_					Delete Monitoring Domain
					Gigamon-G-vTapControlle	100.0.1.9	G-vTap Controller	1.8-2	Delete Fabric Upgrade Fabric
					Gigamon-VSeriesProxy-2	40.83.219.216	V Series Proxy	2.3.2	⊘ Ok
					Gigamon-VSeriesNode-2	104.42.183.63	V Series Node	2.3.2	⊘ Ok

3. Select **Upgrade Fabric** from the drop-down list. The Fabric Nodes Upgrade page is displayed.

Fabric Nodes Upgrade

V Series Proxy	
Upgrade	
Current Version	2.3.0
Image	gigamon-gigavue-vseries-proxy-2.3.2-284364
Change Size	
Batch Size	1
/ Series Node	
Upgrade	
Current Version	2.3.0
Image	gigamon-gigavue-vseries-node-2.3.2-284421
Change Size	
Batch Size	1
Public IPs	104.42 10 54 - 104.42 10 54

Upgrade	Cancel

- 4. To upgrade the GigaVUE V Series Node/Proxy, select the **Upgrade** checkbox.
- 5. From the **Image** drop-down list, select the latest version of the GigaVUE V SeriesProxy/Nodes.
- 6. Select the **Change Size** checkbox to change the flavor of the node/proxy, only if required.
- 7. To upgrade the GigaVUE V Series Node/Proxy, specify the batch size in the **Batch Size** box.

For example, if there are 7 GigaVUE V Series Nodes, you can specify 7 as the batch size and upgrade all of them at once. Alternatively, you can specify 3 as the batch size, and launch and replace 3 V Series nodes in each batch. In the last batch, the remaining 1 V Series node is launched.

8. From the Public IPs drop-down list, select the IP addressess equal to the Max Instances defined when creating a monitoring domain.

NOTE: This is only applicable for nodes deployed using Public IP, when creating a monitoring domain.

9. Click Upgrade.

The upgrade process takes a while depending on the number of GigaVUE V Series Proxys and Nodes upgrading in your Azure environment. First, the new version of the GigaVUE V Series Proxy is launched. Next, the new version of GigaVUE V Series Nodes is launched. Then, the older version of both is deleted from the project. The monitoring session is deployed automatically.

To view the detailed upgrade status click **Upgrade in progress** or **Upgrade successful**, the **V Series Node Upgrade Status** dialog box appears.

Fabric Nodes Upgrade Status				
Monitoring Domain: md				
Start Time	2021-10-1	1 20:58:56		
End Time	2021-10-1	121:04:03		
Status	Fabric upgra successfully	ade completed		
	Proxies	Nodes		
Total	1	1		
Upgraded	1	1		
Upgrading	0	0		
Remaining	0	0		
Failures	0	0		
			Clear Close	

• Click **Clear** to delete the monitoring domain upgrade status history of successfully upgraded nodes.

Configure Monitoring Session

This chapter describes how to setup ingress and egress tunnel, maps, applications in a monitoring session to receive and send traffic to the GigaVUE Cloud Suite V Series node. It also describes how to filter, manipulate, and send the traffic from the V Series node to monitoring tools.

Refer to the following sections for details:

- Create a Monitoring Session
- Create Ingress and Egress Tunnels
- Create a New Map
- Add Applications to Monitoring Session
- Deploy Monitoring Session
- View Monitoring Session Statistics
- Visualize the Network Topology

Create a Monitoring Session

GigaVUE-FM automatically collects inventory data on all target instances available in your cloud environment. You can design your monitoring session to include or exclude the instances that you want to monitor. You can also choose to monitor egress, ingress, or all traffic.

When a new target instance is added to your cloud environment, GigaVUE-FM automatically detects and adds the instance into your monitoring session. Similarly, when an instance is removed, it updates the monitoring sessions.

For the connections without G-vTAPs there is no targets that are automatically selected. You can use Tunnel as a Source in the monitoring session to accept a tunnel from anywhere.

You can have multiple monitoring sessions per monitoring domain.

You can create multiple monitoring sessions within a monitoring domain.

To create a new monitoring session:

- 1. In GigaVUE-FM, on the left navigation pane, select **Traffic > Virtual > Orchestrated Flows** and select your cloud platform. The **Monitoring Sessions** page appears.
- 2. Click New to open the Create a New Monitoring Session page.

Create A New Monitoring Session		
Alias	M51	
Monitoring Domain	MD •	
Connection	Select All Select None	
	No-max-2 ×	
		Create Cancel

3. Enter the appropriate information for the monitoring session as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Alias The name of the monitoring session.	
Monitoring Domain	The name of the monitoring domain that you want to select.
Connection	The connection(s) that are to be included as part of the monitoring domain. You can select the required connections that need to be part of the monitoring domain.

4. Click Create. The Edit Monitoring Session page appears with the new canvas.

If multiple connections are selected, the **Topology** view displays all the instances and components of the selected connections.

Create Ingress and Egress Tunnels

Traffic from the V Series node is distributed to tunnel endpoints in a monitoring session. A tunnel endpoint can be created using a standard VXLAN tunnel.

To create a new tunnel endpoint:

- 1. After creating a new monitoring session, or click **Edit** on an existing monitoring session, the GigaVUE-FM canvas appears.
- 2. In the canvas, select New > New Tunnel, drag and drop a new tunnel template to the workspace. The Add Tunnel Spec quick view appears.
- 3. On the New Tunnel quick view, enter or select the required information as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Alias	The name of the tunnel endpoint.
	Note: Do not enter spaces in the alias name.
Description	The description of the tunnel endpoint.
Туре	VXLAN is the only supported tunnel type for Azure.
Traffic Direction	 The direction of the traffic flowing through the V Series node. Choose In (Decapsulation) for creating an Ingress tunnel, traffic from the source to the V Series node. Enter values for the Key. Choose Out (Encapsulation) for creating an Egress tunnel from the V Series node to the destination endpoint. Select or enter values for MTU, Time to Live, DSCP, PREC, Flow Label, and Key.
IP Version	The version of the Internet Protocol. Select IPv4 or IPv6.
Remote Tunnel IP	 For Ingress tunnel, Remote Tunnel IP is the IP address of the tunnel source. For Egress tunnel, Remote Tunnel IP is the IP address of the tunnel destination endpoint.

4. Click Save.

To delete a tunnel, select the required tunnel and click **Delete**.

Create a New Map

You must have the flow map license to deploy a map in monitoring session.

For new users, the free trial bundle will expire after 30 days and the GigaVUE-FM prompts you to buy a new license. For detailed information on GigaVUE-FM licenses, refer to "Licenses" section in the *GigaVUE Administration Guide*.

To create a new map:
- 1. After creating a new monitoring session, or click **Edit** on an existing monitoring session, the GigaVUE-FM canvas appears.
- 2. In the canvas, select **New > New Map**, drag and drop a new map template to the workspace. The New Map quick view appears.

Monitoring Se	ssion	X New Map Save Add to Library
✓ NEW		
E 🖷	Î	Name Name
New Map New Tunnel	•	Description Description
✓ MAP LIBRARY		Мар
E	E	Rules
Man1	3	Priority 1-5 Application Endpoint ID 2
✓ APPLICATIONS	Q	
00		Add a Rule
Slicing Masking	-	Rule 1 Condition search ▼ ● Pass ○ Drop
✓ TUNNELS	Q	
-2	Î	
Tunnel1 Tunnel2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

3. On the New Map quick view, enter or select the required information as described in the following table.

Field	Description	
Name	Name of the new map	
Description	Description of the map	
Map Rules	The rules for filtering the traffic in the map. Through the map, packets can be dropped or passed based on the highest to lowest rule priority. You can add multiple rule sets on a map. Use the + and - buttons to add or remove a rule set in the map. A rule set can have maximum of 25 rules. To add a map rule:	
	a. Enter a Priority value from 1 to 5 for the rule with 5 being the highest and 1 is the lowest priority.	
	b. Click Add a Rule. The new rule field appear for the Application Endpoint.	
	c. Select a required condition from the drop-down list.	
	d. Select the rule to Pass or Drop through the map.	
	If two rules with same condition are configured as pass and drop,	
	 on a same tunnel endpoint, the traffic filtering precedence will be based on the priority value. 	
	 on two different tunnel endpoints, the traffic will be passed or dropped to the respective tunnel endpoints. 	
	For detailed information on filtering fragmented and unfragmented packets, refer to "GigaSMART Adaptive Packet Filtering (APF)" section on the <i>GigaVUE Fabric Management Guide</i> .	
Pass and Drop r the Map type as	ule selection with Automatic Target Selection (ATS) differ with	

- Traffic Map—Only Pass rules for ATS
- Inclusion Map—Only Pass rules for ATS
- Exclusion Map—Only Drop rules for ATS
- 4. To reuse the map, click Add to Library. Save the map using one of the following ways:
 - a. Select an existing group from the **Select Group** list or create a **New Group** with a name.
 - b. Enter a description in the **Description** field, and click **Save**.
- 5. Click Save.

NOTE: If a packet is fragmented then all the fragments will be destined to the same application end point. You can find the stats of mapped fragmented traffic in GigaVUE-FM. Refer to "Map Statistics" section in *GigaVUE Fabric Management Guide*for detailed information.

To edit a map, select the map and click **Details**, or click **Delete** to delete the map.

Add Applications to Monitoring Session

GigaVUE Cloud Suite with GigaVUE V Series 2 node supports the following GigaSMART applications in the GigaVUE-FM canvas:

- Slicing
- Masking
- Dedup
- Load Balancing
- PCAPng

You can also configure the following GigaSMART operations from the **Traffic > Solutions > Application Intelligence**:

- Application Metadata Intelligence
- Application Filtering Intelligence

For more information, refer to these GigaSMART Operations in the *GigaVUE Fabric Management Guide*.

For the detailed list of GigaSMART Operation supported for V Series 2 nodes, refer to "Supported GigaSMART Operation" topic in the *GigaVUE Fabric Management Guide*.

You can optionally use these applications to optimize the traffic sent from your instances to the monitoring tools. Refer to the Volume Based License (VBL) section for more information on Licenses for using V Series 2 Nodes.

To add a GigaSMART application:

- 1. Drag and drop an application from APPLICATIONS to the canvas.
- 2. In the canvas, click the application and select **Details**.
- 3. Enter or select the required values for the selected application and click Save.

Slicing

Packet slicing lets you truncate packets after a specified header and slice length, preserving the portion of the packet required for monitoring purposes. For detailed information on Slicing, refer to GigaSMART Packet Slicing "GigaSMART Packet Slicing" topic in the *GigaVUE Fabric Management Guide*.

To add a slicing application:

- 1. Drag and drop **Slicing** from **APPLICATIONS** to the graphical workspace.
- 2. Click the Slicing application and select **Details**. The Application quick view appears.

	X Application		Save
	Application	Slicing	
slicing	Alias	slicing	
٢	Protocol	none ~	
	Offset	64	
	Enhanced Name	need	

- 3. In the Application quick view, enter the information as follows:
 - In the Alias field, enter a name for the slicing.
 - From the **Protocol** drop-down list, specify an optional parameter for slicing the specified length of the protocol.
 - In the **Offset** field, specify the length of the packet that must be sliced.
 - In the **Enhanced Name** field, enter the Enhanced Slicing profile name.
- 4. Click Save.

Masking

Masking lets you overwrite specific packet fields with a specified pattern so that sensitive information is protected during network analysis. For detailed information on masking, refer to GigaSMART Masking"GigaSMART Masking" topic in the *GigaVUE Fabric Management Guide*.

To add a masking application:

- 1. Drag and drop Masking from APPLICATIONS to the graphical workspace.
- 2. Click the Masking application and select **Details**. The Application quick view appears.

	X Application	on	Save
	Application	Masking	
masking	Alias	masking	
	Protocol	none ~	
	Offset	64	
	Pattern	Deff.	
	Length		

- 3. In the Application quick view, enter the information as follows:
 - In the Alias field, enter a name for the masking.
 - From the **Protocol** drop-down list, specify an optional parameter for masking the specified length of the protocol.
 - In the **Offset** field, specify the length of the packet that must be masked.
 - In the **Pattern** field, enter the pattern for masking the packet.
 - In the Length field, enter the length of the packet that must be masked.
- 4. Click Save.

Dedup

De-duplication lets you detect and choose the duplicate packets to count or drop in a network analysis environment. For detailed information on de-duplication, refer to GigaSMART De-Duplication"GigaSMART De-Duplication" topic in the GigaVUE Fabric Management Guide.

To add a de-duplication application:

- 1. Drag and drop **Dedup** from **APPLICATIONS** to the graphical workspace.
- 2. Click the Dedup application and select **Details**. The Application quick view appears.

	X Application			Save
	Application Alias	Dedup 🕄		
dedup	Action	Count	 Drop 	
•	IP Tclass	 Include 		
	IP TOS	 Include 		
	TCP Sequence	 Include 	Olgnore	
	VLAN		lgnore	
	Timer	50000		

- 3. In the Application quick view, enter the information as follows:
 - In the Alias field, enter a name for the de-duplication.
 - In the Action field, select **Count** or **Drop** the detected duplicate packets.
 - For IP Tclass, IP TOS, TCP Sequence, and VLAN fields, select Include or Exclude the packets for de-duplication.
 - In the Timer field, enter the time interval (in seconds) for de-duplicating the packet.
- 4. Click Save.

Load Balancing

Load balancing app performs stateless distribution of the packets between different endpoints. For detailed information on load balancing, refer to GigaSMART Load Balancing "GigaSMART Load Balancing" topic in the *GigaVUE Fabric Management Guide*.

To add a load balancing application:

- 1. Drag and drop Load Balancing from APPLICATIONS to the graphical workspace.
- 2. Click the load balancing application and select **Details**. The Application quick view appears.

	X Application		Save
	Application	Load Balancing	
lb © ²	Hash Fields	ipOnly ~	
	Field Location	outer ~	
		Endpoint ID 2 We	ight 1-100

- 3. In the Application quick view, enter the information as follows:
 - In the Alias field, enter a name for the load balancing app.
 - For Hash Fields field, select a hash field from the list.
 - **ipOnly**—includes Source IP, and Destination IP.
 - **ipAndPort**—includes Source IP, Destination IP, Source Port , and Destination Ports.
 - fiveTuple—includes Source IP, Destination IP, Source Port, Destination Port, and Protocol fields.
 - gtpuTeid—includes GTP-U.
 - For Field location field, select Inner or Outer location.

NOTE: Field location is not supported for **gtpuTeid**.

- In the **load balancing groups**, add or remove an application with the Endpoint ID and Weight value (1-100). A load balancing group can have minimum of two endpoints.
- 4. Click Save.

PCAPng

The PCAPng application is a GigaSMART parser application that reads the various blocks in the received PCAPng files and validates the blocks to be sent to the destination application or to the tools.

Note: The PCAPng application is only applicable for the Ericsson 5G Core vTAP architecture. Refer to "PCAPng Application" topic in the *GigaVUE Fabric Management Guide* for detailed information.

Create Link Between UDP-in-GRE Tunnel and PCAPng Application

To create a link with source as UDP-in-GRE tunnel and destination as PCAPng application:

- 1. In the GigaVUE-FM canvas, select **New > New Tunnel**, drag and drop a new tunnel template to the workspace. The **Add Tunnel Spec** quick view appears.
- 2. On the New Tunnel quick view, enter or select the required information as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Alias	The name of the tunnel endpoint
	Note: Do not enter spaces in the alias name.
Description	The description of the tunnel endpoint
Туре	Select UDPGRE as the tunnel type
Traffic Direction	The direction of the traffic flowing through the V Series node
	Choose In (Decapsulation) for creating an Ingress tunnel, traffic from the source to the V Series node
IP Version	The version of the Internet Protocol. Select IPv4 or IPv6
Remote Tunnel IP	The IP address of the tunnel source
Кеу	GRE key value
Source L4 Port	Layer 4 source port number
Destination L4 Port	Layer 4 destination port number. You can configure only 4754 or 4755 as the destination UDP ports

- 3. Click Save.
- 4. Click and drag the PCAPng application into the canvas. Configure the alias for the application.
- 5. Establish a link between the UDP-GRE TEP configured above and the PCAPng application.

Create Link Between PCAPng Application and Other Destinations

Create a link with source as PCAPng application and destination as one of the following:

- Other GigaSMART applications such as Slicing, Masking, etc.
- Other encapsulation TEPs.
- REP/MAP

Refer to the following image for a sample configuration.



Deploy Monitoring Session

To deploy the monitoring session:

- 1. Drag and drop the following items to the canvas as required:
 - Ingress tunnel (as a source) from the NEW section
 - Maps from the MAP LIBRARY section
 - Inclusion and Exclusion maps from the Map Library to their respective section at the bottom of the workspace.
 - GigaSMART apps from the APPLICATIONS section
 - Egress tunnels from the TUNNELS section

2. After placing the required items in the canvas, hover your mouse on the map, click the red dot, and drag the arrow over to another item (map, application, or tunnel).





- 3. (Not applicable for Tunnel traffic acquisition method) Click **Show Targets** to view details about the subnets and monitored instances. The instances and the subnets that are being monitored are highlighted in orange.
- 4. Click **Deploy** to deploy the monitoring session. The status is displayed as **Success** in the Monitoring Sessions page. The session is successfully deployed on all the V Series nodes. Click on the status link in the Status column on the Monitoring Session page to view the Monitoring Session Deployment Report. When you click on the Status link, the Deployment Report is displayed. If the monitoring session is not deployed properly, then one of the following errors is displayed in the Status column.
 - Partial Success—The session is not deployed on one or more instances due to V Series node failure.
 - Failure—The session is not deployed on any of the V Series nodes.

The **Monitoring Session Deployment Report** displays the errors that appeared during deployment.

Button	Description
Undeploy	Undeploys the selected monitoring session.
Clone	Duplicates the selected monitoring session.
1	Opens the Edit page for the selected monitoring session.
	Note: In case of an error while editing a monitoring session, undeploy and deploy the monitoring session

The Monitoring Session page also has the following buttons:

Button	Description
	again
Delete	Deletes the selected monitoring session.

View Monitoring Session Statistics

The Monitoring Session Statistics page lets you analyze the incoming and outgoing traffic on an hourly, daily, weekly, and monthly basis. The traffic can be viewed based on kilobits/second, megabits/second or gigabits/second.

On the Monitoring Sessions page, click **View** in the Statistics column to view the Monitoring Session Statistics page. The **Monitoring Session Statistics** page appears where you can analyze incoming and outgoing traffic.

NOTE: If there are multiple monitoring sessions with different target selection, then the incoming maps will not show true statistics and it shows the aggregate traffic from all the targets.



You can also perform the following actions on the Monitoring Session Statistics page:

- Directly below the graph, you can click on IncomingMbps, Outgoing Mbps, or Ratio (Out/In) (Mbps) to view the statistics individually.
- At the bottom of the Monitoring Session Statistics page, you can click on **View Monitoring Session Diagram**. The Monitoring Session Diagram quick view appears.
- On the **Monitoring Session Diagram** page, you can expand any map, or tunnel to open a **Details** quick view of that item to see more details about the incoming and outgoing traffic for that item.
- You can also scroll down the Map **Details** quick view to view the Map Rules, Action Sets, and Map Info for this map. You can select Map Rules or Action Sets to view the traffic matching the selected rule on the graph in the quick view.

Visualize the Network Topology

You can have multiple connections in GigaVUE-FM. Each connection can have multiple monitoring sessions configured within them. You can select the connection and the monitoring session to view the selected subnets and instances in the topology view.

To view the topology diagram in GigaVUE-FM:

- 1. On the Monitoring Session page, select **Topology** tab. The Topology page appears.
- 2. Select a monitoring domain from the **Select monitoring domain...** list.
- 3. Select a connection from the **Select monitoring session...**list.
- 4. Select a monitoring session from the **Select connection...** list. The topology view of the monitored subnets and instances in the selected session are displayed.



5. (Optional) Hover over or click the subnet or VM Group icons to view the subnets or instances present within the group.

In the topology page, you can also do the following:

• Use the **Filter** button to filter the instances based on the VM name, VM IP, Subnet ID, or Subnet IP, and view the topology based on the search results.

- Use the **Default View** button to view the topology diagram based on the source interfaces of the monitoring instances.
- Use the arrows at the right-bottom corner to move the topology page up, down, left, or right. Click the **Fit-to-Width** icon to fit the topology diagram according to the width of the page.
- Use + or icons to zoom in and zoom out the topology view.

Administer GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure

You can perform the following administrative tasks:

- Set Up Email Notifications
- Configure Proxy Server
- Configure Azure Settings
- Role Based Access Control
- About Events
- About Audit Logs

Set Up Email Notifications

Notifications are triggered by a range of events such as Azure license expiry, VM instance terminated, and so on. You can setup the email notification for a particular event or a number of events and the recipient or recipients to whom the email should be sent.

Gigamon strongly recommends you enable email notifications so there is immediate visibility of the events affecting node health. The following are the events for which you can setup the email notifications:

- Azure License Expire
- Fabric Node Down
- Fabric Node Reboot Failed
- Fabric Node Rebooted
- Fabric Node Replacement Launch Failed
- Fabric Node Replacement Launched
- Fabric Node Restart Failed
- Fabric Node Restarted
- Fabric Node Unreachable
- Fabric Node Up

Configure Email Notifications

To configure the automatic email notifications:

1. On left navigation pane, select **Settings > System > Email Servers**. The **Email Servers** page appears.

2. In the Email Servers page, click **Configure**. The **Configure Email Server** wizard appears. For field information, refer to"Email Servers" section in the *GigaVUE Administration Guide*.

Configure Email Server	Save Cancel	
Enable SMTP Authentication		
Email Host	10.10.1.125	
Username	Username	
Password	Password	
From Email	no-reply@gigavue-fm	
Port	25	

3. Click Save.

Configure Proxy Server

Sometimes, the VNet in which the GigaVUE-FM is launched may not have access to the Internet. Without Internet access, GigaVUE-FM cannot connect to the Azure API endpoints. For GigaVUE-FM to connect to Azure, a proxy server must be configured.

To create a proxy server:

- 1. From the left navigation pane, select **Inventory > VIRTUAL > Azure > Settings**. The Configuration page appears.
- 2. Under Proxy Server tab, click Add. The Add Proxy Server page appears.
 Configure Proxy Server
 Save
 Cancel

Alias	Alias
Host	IP Address
Host IP Address Type	O Private 💿 Public
Port	0 - 65535
Username	Username
Password	Password

3. Select or enter the appropriate information as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Alias	The name of the proxy server.
Host	The host name or the IP address of the proxy server.
Host IP Address Type	The type of the Host IP address that indicate whether the proxy server IP address is private or public to the VNet.
Port	The port number used by the proxy server for connecting to the Internet.
Username	(Optional) The username of the proxy server.
Password	The password of the proxy server.
NTLM	(Optional) The type of the proxy server used to connect to the VNet.
Domain	The domain name of the client accessing the proxy server.
Workstation	(Optional) The name of the workstation or the computer accessing the proxy server.

4. Click **Save**. The new proxy server configuration is added to the Proxy Server Configuration page. The proxy server is also listed in the Azure Connection page in GigaVUE-FM.

NOTE: If you change any of the fields in the Proxy Server Configuration page after the initial connection is established between the GigaVUE-FM and Azure, then you must also edit the connection and select the proxy server again and save (in the Azure Connection Page). Otherwise, GigaVUE-FM will not use the new configuration that was saved and may be disconnected from the Azure platform.

Configure Azure Settings

This section provides information on how to configure the maximum number of connections, refresh intervals for instance and non-instance inventory, and maximum batch size for monitoring session updates.

Navigate to **Inventory > VIRTUAL > Azure > Configuration > Settings** to edit the Azure settings. Refer to the following table for more information about the settings:

Settings	Description
Maximum number of connections allowed	Specifies the maximum number of VNet connections you can establish in GigaVUE-FM.
Refresh interval for VM target selection inventory(secs)	Specifies the frequency for updating the state of Virtual Machines target selection in Azure.
Refresh interval for fabric deployment inventory (secs)	Specifies the frequency for updating the state of fabric deployment information such as subnets, security groups, images, and VNets.

Settings	Description
Number of instances per GigaVUE V Series Node	Specifies the maximum number of instances that can be assigned to the GigaVUE V Series node.
Refresh interval for G-vTAP Agent inventory (secs)	Specifies the frequency for discovering the G-vTAP Agents available in the VNet.
G-vTAP Agent Tunnel Type	Tunnel Type for the G-vTAP Agents to tunnel traffic to V Series nodes. The default tunnel type is VXLAN.

Role Based Access Control

The Role Based Access Control (RBAC) feature controls the access privileges of users and restricts users from either modifying or viewing unauthorized data. Access privileges in GigaVUE Cloud Suite works on the same principles of access privileges in GigaVUE-FM in which the access rights of a user depends on the following:

- User role: A user role defines permission for users to perform any task or operation
- User group: A user group consists of a set of roles and set of tags associated with that group. When a user is created they can be associated with one or more groups.

To access the resources and to perform a specific operation in GigaVUE Cloud Suite you must be a user with **fm_super_admin** role or a user with write access to the following resource category depending on the task you need to perform.

Resource Category	Cloud Configuration Task
Physical Device Infrastructure Management: This includes the following cloud infrastructure resources:	 Configure GigaVUE Cloud Components Create Monitoring Domain and Launch Visibility Fabric Configure Proxy Server
 Cloud Connections Cloud Proxy Server Cloud Fabric Deployment Cloud Configurations Sys Dump Syslog Cloud licenses Cloud Inventory 	
 Traffic Control Management: This includes the following traffic control resources: Monitoring session Stats Map library 	 Create, Clone, and Deploy Monitoring Session Add Applications to Monitoring Session Create Maps View Statistics Create Tunnel End Points

Resource Category	Cloud Configuration Task	
• Tunnel library		
Tools library		
 Inclusion/exclusion Maps 		
Note: Cloud APIs are also RBAC enabled.		

Refer to the *GigaVUE Administration Guide* for detailed information about Roles, Tags, User Groups.

About Events

Events

The Events page displays all the events occurring in the virtual fabric node, VM Domain, and VM manager. An event is an incident that occur at a specific point in time. Examples of events include:

- Cloud provider License Expiry
- G-vTAP Agent Inventory Update Completed
- Cloud provider Connection Status Changed

An Alarm is a response to one or more related events. If an event is considered of high severity, then GigaVUE-FM raises an alarm. An example of alarm could be your cloud provider license expiry.

The alarms and events broadly fall into the following categories: Critical, Major, Minor, or info.

Navigate to **Dashboard > SYSTEM > Events**. The Event page appears.

Events: 60) Filter	: none							
Source	Time	Scope	Event Type	Severity	Affected Entity Type Affected Entity	Description	Device IP Host Nar	ne Tags	÷
VMM	202	vfNode	NodeUp	Info	Fabric Node Spec	Node Up			A
VMM	202	vfNode	NodeReb	Info	Fabric Node Spec	Reboot fo			
VMM	202	vfNode	NodeUnr	Info	Fabric Node Spec	Node Unr			
K	< Go	to page:	1 • of 9	\rightarrow	>I Total Records: 60				

The following table describes the parameters recording for each alarm or event. You can also use filters to narrow down the results.

(Filter Manage)

Controls/ Parameters	Description	
Source	The source from where the alarms and events are generated.	
Time	The timestamp when the event occurred.	
	IMPORTANT: Timestamps are shown in the time zone of the client browser's computer and not the timezone of the node reporting the event. The timestamp is based on the correctly configured clock on the GigaVUE-FM server and converted from UTC to the client computer's configured timezone.	
Scope	The category to which the alarms or events belong. Alarms and events can belong to the following category: Virtual Fabric Node, VM Domain, VM Manager.	
Event Type	The type of event that generated the alarms and events.	
Severity	The severity is one of Critical, Major, Minor, or Info.	
	Info is informational messages. For example, when GigaVUE V Series nodes are installed, such a message is displayed as Info.	
Affected Entity Type	The resource type associated with the alarm or event.	
Affected Entity	The resource ID of the affected entity type.	
Description	The description of the event, which includes any of the possible notifications with additional identifying information where appropriate.	
Device IP	The IP address of the device.	
Host Name	The host name of the device.	

To filter the alarms and event:

- 1. Click **Filter**. The Filter quick view is displayed.
- 2. Select the filtering criteria, then click **Apply Filter**. The results are displayed in the Events page.

About Audit Logs

Audit logs track the changes and activities that occur in the virtual nodes due to user actions. The logs can be filtered to view specific information.

Navigate to **Dashboard > SYSTEM > Audit Logs**. The **All Audit Logs** page appears.

All Audit Logs	Filter	Manage)
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Time	User	Operation Type	Entity Type	Source Device IP Hos	stname Status	Description Tags
2020-1	admin	login fmUser ad	User	fm	SUCCESS	
2020-1	admin	logout fmUser a	User	fm	SUCCESS	
2020-1	admin	login fmUser ad	User	fm	SUCCESS	
2020 1	a alteration	the state of the state of the state of the	K A is to be a state of		CHECECC	

The Audit Logs have the following parameters:

Parameters	Description	
Time	Provides the timestamp on the log entries.	
User	Provides the logged user information.	
Operation Type	 Provides specific entries that are logged by the system such as: Log in and Log out based on users. Create/Delete/Edit tasks, GS operations, maps, virtual ports, and so on. 	
Source	Provides details on whether the user was in FM or on the node when the event occurred.	
Status	Success or Failure of the event.	
Description	In the case of a failure, provides a brief update on the reason for the failure.	

NOTE: Ensure that the GigaVUE-FM time is set correctly to ensure accuracy of the trending data that is captured.

Filtering the audit logs allows you to display specific type of logs. You can filter based on any of the following:

- When: display logs that occurred within a specified time range.
- Who: display logs related a specific user or users.
- What: display logs for one or more operations, such as Create, Read, Update, and so on.
- Where: display logs for GigaVUE-FM or devices.
- Result: display logs for success or failure.

To filter the audit logs, do the following:

- 1. Click **Filter**. The quick view for Audit Log Filters displays.
- 2. Specify any or all of the following:
 - Start Date and End Date to display logs within a specific time range.
 - Who limits the scope of what displays on the Audit Logs page to a specific user or users.
 - What narrows the logs to the types of operation that the log is related to. You can select multiple operations. Select All Operations to apply all operation types as part of the filter criteria.
 - Where narrows the logs to particular of system that the log is related to, either FM or device. Select All Systems apply both FM and device to the filter criteria.
 - **Result** narrows the logs related to failures or successes. Select All Results to apply both success and failure to the filter criteria.
- 3. Click **OK** to apply the selected filters to the Audit Logs page.

GigaVUE-FM Version Compatibility Matrix

The following tables list the different versions of GigaVUE Cloud Suite Cloud solution components available with different versions of GigaVUE-FM.

GigaVUE-FM	G-vTAP Agent Version	G-vTAP Controller Version	GigaVUE V Series Proxy	GigaVUE V Series 2 Nodes
5.16.00	v1.8-5	v1.8-5	v2.6.0	v2.6.0
5.15.00	v1.8-5	v1.8-5	v2.5.0	v2.5.0
5.14.00	v1.8-4	v1.8-4	v2.4.0	v2.4.0
5.13.01	v1.8-3	v1.8-3	v2.3.3	√2.3.3
5.13.00	v1.8-2	v1.8-2	v2.3.0	v2.3.0

GigaVUE-FM Version Compatibility for V Series 2 Configuration

Additional Sources of Information

This appendix provides additional sources of information. Refer to the following sections for details:

- Documentation
- Documentation Feedback
- Contact Technical Support
- Contact Sales
- The Gigamon Community

Documentation

This table lists all the guides provided for GigaVUE Cloud Suite software and hardware. The first row provides an All-Documents Zip file that contains all the guides in the set for the release.

NOTE: In the online documentation, view What's New to access quick links to topics for each of the new features in this Release; view Documentation Downloads to download all PDFs.

Table 1: Documentation Set for Gigamon Products

GigaVUE Cloud Suite 5.16 Hardware and Software Guides

DID YOU KNOW? If you keep all PDFs for a release in common folder, you can easily search across the doc set by opening one of the files in Acrobat and choosing **Edit > Advanced Search** from the menu. This opens an interface that allows you to select a directory and search across all PDFs in a folder.

Hardware

how to unpack, assemble, rack-mount, connect, and initially configure ports the respective GigaVUE Cloud Suite devices; reference information and specifications for the respective GigaVUE Cloud Suite devices

*G-TAP A Series 2 Installation Guide

GigaVUE-HC1 Hardware Installation Guide

GigaVUE-HC2 Hardware Installation Guide

GigaVUE-HC3 Hardware Installation Guide

GigaVUE M Series Hardware Installation Guide

GigaVUE-TA25 Hardware Installation Guide

GigaVUE-TA200 Hardware Installation Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite 5.16 Hardware and Software Guides

GigaVUE-TA400 Hardware Installation Guide

GigaVUE-TA10 Hardware Installation Guide

GigaVUE-TA40 Hardware Installation Guide

GigaVUE-TA100 Hardware Installation Guide

GigaVUE-TA100-CXP Hardware Installation Guide

*GigaVUE-OS Installation Guide for DELL S4112F-ON

GigaVUE-FM Hardware Appliance Guide for GFM-HW1-FM010 and and GFM-HW1-FM001-HW

Software Installation and Upgrade Guides

GigaVUE-FM Installation, Migration, and Upgrade Guide

GigaVUE-OS Upgrade Guide

Fabric Management and Administration Guides

GigaVUE Administration Guide

covers both GigaVUE-OS and GigaVUE-FM

GigaVUE Fabric Management Guide

how to install, deploy, and operate GigaVUE-FM; how to configure GigaSMART operations; covers both GigaVUE-FM and GigaVUE-OS features

Cloud Guides

how to configure the GigaVUE Cloud Suite components and set up traffic monitoring sessions for the cloud platforms

GigaVUE V Series Quick Start Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite for AWS-GigaVUE V Series 2 Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Azure–GigaVUE V Series 2 Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite for OpenStack–GigaVUE V Series 2 Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite for VMware—GigaVUE V Series Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite for AnyCloud Guide

Gigamon Containerized Broker Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Kubernetes Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite for AWS–GigaVUE V Series 1 Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite for OpenStack–GigaVUE V Series 1 Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite for Nutanix Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite 5.16 Hardware and Software Guides

GigaVUE Cloud Suite for VMware—GigaVUE-VM Guide

GigaVUE Cloud Suite for AWS Secret Regions Guide

Reference Guides

GigaVUE-OS CLI Reference Guide

library of GigaVUE-OS CLI (Command Line Interface) commands used to configure and operate GigaVUE H Series and TA Series devices

GigaVUE-OS Cabling Quick Reference Guide

guidelines for the different types of cables used to connect Gigamon devices

GigaVUE-OS Compatibility and Interoperability Matrix

compatibility information and interoperability requirements for Gigamon devices

GigaVUE-FM REST API Reference in GigaVUE-FM User's Guide

samples uses of the GigaVUE-FM Application Program Interfaces (APIs)

Release Notes

GigaVUE-OS, GigaVUE-FM, GigaVUE-VM, G-TAP A Series, and GigaVUE Cloud Suite Release Notes

new features, resolved issues, and known issues in this release ;

important notes regarding installing and upgrading to this release

NOTE: Release Notes are not included in the online documentation.

Note: Registered Customers can log in to My Gigamon to download the Software and Release Notes from the Software & Docs page on to My Gigamon. Refer to How to Download Software and Release Notes from My Gigamon.

In-Product Help

GigaVUE-FM Online Help

how to install, deploy, and operate GigaVUE-FM.

GigaVUE-OS H-VUE Online Help

provides links the online documentation.

How to Download Software and Release Notes from My Gigamon

Registered Customers can download software and corresponding Release Notes documents from the **Software & Release Notes** page on to My Gigamon. Use the My Gigamon Software & Docs page to download:

- Gigamon Software installation and upgrade images,
- Release Notes for Gigamon Software, or
- Older versions of PDFs (pre-v5.7).

To download release-specific software, release notes, or older PDFs:

- 1. Log in to My Gigamon
- 2. Click on the Software & Release Notes link.
- 3. Use the **Product** and **Release** filters to find documentation for the current release. For example, select Product: "GigaVUE-FM" and Release: "5.6," enter "pdf" in the search box, and then click **GO** to view all PDF documentation for GigaVUE-FM 5.6.xx.

NOTE: My Gigamon is available to registered customers only. Newer documentation PDFs, with the exception of release notes, are all available through the publicly available online documentation.

Documentation Feedback

We are continuously improving our documentation to make it more accessible while maintaining accuracy and ease of use. Your feedback helps us to improve. To provide feedback and report issues in our documentation, send an email to: documentationfeedback@gigamon.com

Please provide the following information in the email to help us identify and resolve the issue. Copy and paste this form into your email, complete it as able, and send. We will respond as soon as possible.

	Documentation Feedback Form				
	Your Name				
About You	Your Role				
	Your Company				
For Online Topics	Online doc link	(URL for where the issue is)			
	Topic Heading	(if it's a long topic, please provide the heading of the section where the issue is)			
		·			

	Document Title	(shown on the cover page or in page header)
	Product Version	(shown on the cover page)
For PDF Topics	Document Version	(shown on the cover page)
	Chapter Heading	(shown in footer)
	PDF page #	(shown in footer)
	Describe the issue	Describe the error or issue in the documentation. (If it helps, attach an image to show the issue.)
How can we improve?	How can we improve the content? Be as specific as possible.	
	Any other comments?	

Contact Technical Support

For information about Technical Support: Go to **Settings** > **Support > Contact Support** in GigaVUE-FM.

You can also refer to https://www.gigamon.com/support-and-services/contact-support for Technical Support hours and contact information.

Email Technical Support at support@gigamon.com.

Contact Sales

Use the following information to Gigamon channel partner or Gigamon sales representatives.

Telephone: +1.408.831.4025

Sales: inside.sales@gigamon.com

Partners: www.gigamon.com/partners.html

Premium Support

Email Gigamon at inside.sales@gigamon.com for information on purchasing 24x7 Premium Support. Premium Support entitles you to round-the-clock phone support with a dedicated Support Engineer every day of the week.

The Gigamon Community

The Gigamon Community is a technical site where Gigamon users, partners, security and network professionals and Gigamon employees come together to share knowledge and expertise, ask questions, build their network and learn about best practices for Gigamon products.

Visit the Gigamon Community site to:

- Find knowledge base articles and documentation
- Ask and answer questions and learn best practices from other members.
- Join special-interest groups to have focused collaboration around a technology, usecase, vertical market or beta release
- Take online learning lessons and tutorials to broaden your knowledge of Gigamon products.
- Submit and vote on feature enhancements and share product feedback. (Customers only)
- Open support tickets (Customers only)
- Download the latest product updates and documentation (Customers only)

The Gigamon Community is a great way to get answers fast, learn from experts and collaborate directly with other members around your areas of interest.

Register today at community.gigamon.com

Questions? Contact our Community team at community@gigamon.com.

Glossary

D

decrypt list

need to decrypt (formerly blacklist)

decryptlist

need to decrypt - CLI Command (formerly blacklist)

drop list

selective forwarding - drop (formerly blacklist)

F

forward list

selective forwarding - forward (formerly whitelist)

L _____

leader

leader in clustering node relationship (formerly master)

Μ

member node

follower in clustering node relationship (formerly slave or non-master)

Ν

no-decrypt list

no need to decrypt (formerly whitelist)

nodecryptlist

no need to decrypt- CLI Command (formerly whitelist)

P_____

primary source

root timing; transmits sync info to clocks in its network segment (formerly grandmaster)

R

receiver

follower in a bidirectional clock relationship (formerly slave)

S

source

leader in a bidirectional clock relationship (formerly master)